

علیٰ حمدٌ
حَمْدُهُ

OUR NAMAAZ

UMTHANDAZO WETHU

Inguqulelo yesiXhosa

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**IZIVAKALISI EZINTANDATHU ZOKOMNKELA
INKOLO YE ISLAM
(THE SIX KALIMAS OF ISLAM)**

1) KALIMA TAYYIB

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ مُحَمَّدٌ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

LAA ILAAHA ILLALLAHU MUHAMMADUR RASOOLULLAH

*Akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonzwa ngaphandle kuka Allah,
Muhammad sisithunywa sika Allah*

2) KALIMA SHAHAADAT

أَشْهَدُ أَنَّ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَأَشْهَدُ أَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

ASH HADU ALLAA ILAAHA ILLALLAAHU WAHDAHU LAA
SHARIEKA LAHOO WA ASH HADU ANNA MUHAMMADAN
ABDUHU WARASOOLUHU

*Ndiyangqina ukuba akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonzwa ngaphandle
kuka Allah. Nguye yedwa akanamahlakani, kwaye ndiyangqina ukuba
uMuhammad (sallallahu alayhi wasallam) sisicaka nomthunywa ka
Allah.*

3) KALIMA TAMJEED

سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَلَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ ،
وَلَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ الْعَظِيمِ

SUB HAANALLAAHI WAL HAMDU LILLAHI WALAA
ILAAHA ILLALLAAHU WALLAAHU AKBAR WALAA HOWLA
WALAA QUWWATA ILLA BILLAAHIL ALIYYIL AZHEEM

*Uzuko neendumiso zonke mazibe ku Allah kwaye akukho namnye
ofanelwe ukukhkonza ngaphandle kuka Allah kwaye u Allah nguye
omkhulu kwinto yonke. Akukho mandla nabungangamsha ngaphandle
kuka Allah ophakamileyo nongcwele*

4) KALIMA TAUHEED

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ ، لَهُ الْمُلْكُ وَلَهُ
الْحَمْدُ ، يُحْيِيهِ وَيُمِيتُ ، وَهُوَ حَيٌّ لَا يَمُوتُ ، وَهُوَ
عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ

LAA ILAAHA ILLALLAAHU WAH DAHO LAA SHARIEKA
LAHOO WALAHUL HAMDU YUHYIE WAYUMIETU WAHUWA
HAYYUN LAA YAMOOTU BIYADIHIL KHAYR WAHUWA
ALAA KULLI SHAY IN QADIER

*Akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhkonza ngaphandle kuka Allah nguye
yedwa akanamahlakani ubukumnkani bobakhe kwaye iindumiso*

zezakhe nguye onika ubomu nokufa yena uyaphila asokuze afe,
ezandleni zakhe kokulungileyo kodwa kwaye unamandla phezu kwento
yonke

5) KALIMA YE ISTIGHFAAR

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ رَبِّيْ مِنْ كُلِّ ذَنْبٍ أَذْنَبْتُهُ عَمَدًا أَوْ خَطَاً
سِرَّاً أَوْ عَلَانِيَةً ، وَأَتُوْبُ إِلَيْكَ مِنَ الذَّنْبِ الَّذِي لَا
أَعْلَمُ ، إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ عَلَامُ الْعِيُوبِ ، وَسَتَارُ الْعِيُوبِ ،
وَغَفَّارُ الذُّنُوبِ ، وَلَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللَّهِ الْعَلِيِّ
الْعَظِيمِ

ASTAGHFIRULLAAHA RABBIE MIN KULLI ZHAMBIN AZH
NABTUHOO AMADAN OW KHATA AN SIRRAN OW
ALAANIYYATAN WA ATOOBU ILAYHI MINAZH ZHAMBIL
LAZIE A'LAMU WAMINALLAZIE LAA A'LAMU INNAKA
ANTA ALLAAMUL GHUYOOB WASATTAARUL UYOOB
WAGHAFFAARUZH ZHUNOOB WALAA HOWLA WALAA
QUWWATA ILLAA BILLAAHIL ALIYYIL AZHEEM

*Ndicela ukuxolelwa ngu Allah umdali wam kuzo zonke izono zam
endithe ndazenza ngenjongo okanye ngempazamo, emfihlakalweni
okanye elubala.kwaye ndiyazisola kuwe ngezono endizaziyo nezo
ndingazaziyo. Ngaphandle kwamathandabuzo wena ungumazi
wokufihlakeleyo umxoleli wezono nomqumi wezono, akukho mandla
nabungangamsha ngaphandle kuka Allah ongcwele*

6) KALIMA RADDE KUFR

اللَّهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ أَنْ أُشْرِكَ بِكَ شَيْئًا وَأَنَا أَعْلَمُ
 بِهِ ، وَأَسْتَغْفِرُكَ لِمَا لَأَعْلَمُ بِهِ ، تُبْتُ عَنْهُ وَتَبَرَّأْتُ
 مِنَ الْكُفْرِ وَالشِّرْكِ وَالْكِذْبِ وَالْغِيَّبَةِ وَالْبِدْعَةِ وَالنَّمِيمَةِ
 وَالْفَوَاحِشِ وَالْبُهْتَانِ وَالْمَعَاصِي كُلِّهَا ، وَأَسْلَمْتُ
 وَأَقُولُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ مُحَمَّدُ رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

ALLAHUMMA INNIE AOOZHU BIKA MIN -AN USH-RIKA
 BIKA SHAY-OW WA ANA A'LAMU BIHIE WA
 ASTAGHFIRUKA LIMAA LAA A'LAMU BIHIE TUBTU AN-HU
 WATABARRA'TU MINAL KUFR WASH SHIRKI WAL KIZHBI
 WAL GHEEBATI WAL BID'ATI WAN-NAMEEMATI WAL-
 FAWAAHISHI WAL BUH-TAANI WAL -MA-AASIE KULLIHA
 WA-ASLAMTU WA AQOOLU LAA ILAAHA ILLALLAAHU
 MUHAMMADUR RASOOLULLAH

*Owu Allah ndicela ukuba undikhusele ekudibani seleni amahlakani
 nawe ndisazi, kwaye ndicela ukuba uzixolele izono zam
 endingaqizondanga. Ndiguqukile ezonweni zam kwaye ndiyazikhwebula
 kwikufr, ubuxoki, ukuhleba, ukuza nezinto ezintsha enkolweni,
 ukuthutha indaba nakuzo zonke iintlobo zezonzo kwaye ndiyangqina
 ukuba akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonzwa ngaphandle kuka Allah
 uMuhammad sallallahu alayhi wasallam ngumthunywa ka Allah*

7) IMAAN MUJMAL

أَمْنَتُ بِاللَّهِ كَمَا هُوَ بِاسْمَائِهِ وَصَفَاتِهِ وَقَبْلَتُ جَمِيعَ
أَحْكَامِهِ (إِقْرَارُ بِاللِّسَانِ وَ تَصْدِيقُ بِالْقَلْبِ)

AMMAN-TU BILLAA HI KAMAA HUWA BI-ASM AA-IHIE WASI
FAA TIHI WAQABILTU JAMEE-A AHKAA MIHIE (IQRAARUM
BIL LISAAN WATASDEEQUM BIL QALBI)

*Ndiyakholelwa ku Allah njengokuba enjalo, emagameni nakwi i
ikhwaliti zakhe kwaye ndiyayomnkela yonke i mithetho yakhe*

8) IMAAN MUFASSAL

أَمْنَتُ بِاللَّهِ وَمَلَائِكَتِهِ وَكُتُبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَالْقَدْرِ
خَيْرِهِ وَشَرِّهِ مِنَ اللَّهِ تَعَالَى وَالْبَعْثَ بَعْدَ الْمَوْتِ

AAMANTU BILL AHI WAMALAA-IKA TIHIE WAKUTUBIHIE
WARUSULIHIE WAL-YOW-MIL AAKHIRI WAL-QADRI
KHAYRIHI WASHAR-RIHI MINALLAHI TA'ALA WAL BA'TH
BA'DAL MOWT

*Ndiyakholelwa ku Allah, iingelosi zakhe, izibhalo zakhe, abathunywa
bakhe, usuku lokugqibela kunye nesigqibo sokugqibela esihle nesibi
sivela ku Allah novuko emva kokufa.*

UKUBALULEKA NOKUNYANZELEKA KOMTHANDAZO

إِنَّ الصَّلَاةَ كَانَتْ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ كِتَابًا مَّوْقُوتًا

INNAS SALAATA KAANAT ALAL MU'MINEENA KITAABAM
MOWQOOTAA

*Ngokuqinisekileyo umthandazo wenziwe walunyanzelo kumakholwa
ngamaxesha aqingqiweyo.*

Umthandazo yintsika yenkolo, nawuphi lowo uthandazayo uqinisa inkolo, ukuze lowo ungathandaziyo abe utshabalalisa inkolo. (*Mishkaat*)

INQANABA LOMTHANDAZO NGOKOLUVO LWEE ULAMA EZINKULU ZENKOLO

Ngokoluvo luka Hazrat Umar, Hazrat Ibni Masud, Hazrat Ibni Abbas radhiallahu anhum kunye namanye ama Sahaba kuquka no Imaam Ahmed bin Hambal rahimahullah ukungathandazi ngaphandle kwesizathu lumphawu lokungakholwa (kufr). (*Targheeb*)

Ngokoluvo luka Imaam Malik rahimahullah lowo uthi angathandazi ngaphandle kwesizathu kulunyanzelo ukuba abulawe. Yena u Imaam Abu Hanifa rahimahullah uthi umntu ongathandaziyo kufuneka avalelwe entolongweni kwaye abethwe kanobom kumphume igazi, aguquke kweso senzo okanye ade afe. (*Durre-Mukhtaar*)

Hazrat Abdul Qadir Jeelani rahimahullah umthabatha lowo njengomntu oyilahlileyo inkolo ye Islam. Xa eswelekile ijanaaza salaat akazoyenzelwa kwaye engazongcwatyelwa emangcwabenii ama Muslim,

koko umzimba wakhe ufanelwe ukuphoswa nje emngxunyweni.
(Ghunyah)

IINKCAZELO MAGAMA EZIBALULEKILEYO

**IMITHETHO KA ALLAH YOHLULWE
YANGALAMANQANABA ALANDELAYO ASIBHOZO:**

FARAZ	WAJIB	SUNNAT	MUSTAHABB
HARAAM	MAKROOH TAHREEMI	MAKROOH TANZEEHI	MUBAAH

FARAZ:

Umthetho osekelezelwe kwi *Daleel-e-Qat'ee* (umthetho osekelezelwe kubungqina obungenamathandabuzo). Lowo uthi awukhabe umthetho onjalo uyaphuma kwinkolo ye Islam, ukuze lowo ungawuhoyiyo lo mthetho afanelwe kukohlwaywa.

IINDIDI ZEFARZ ZIMBINI:

FARAZ-E-AIN:

Umthetho olunyanzelo kumntu wonke.

FARAZ-E-KIFAYA:

Ngumthetho apho ukuba igcuntswana liwenziLe uxanduva lokuwenza liyasuka kwabanye, kodwa ukuba akukho mntu uwenzileyo bonke bayakufumana isono.

WAJIB:

Ngumthetho olunyanzelo kodwa wona usekelezelwe kubungqina obukwinqanaba elingeantsi kuneli lingentla. Umntu owalayo lo mthetho akaphumi kwinkolo ye Islam, kodwa umntu othi angawukhathaleli ufanelwe kukohlwaywa.

SUNNAT-E-MUAKKADAH:

Nasiphi isenzo sika Rasulullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam awayesenzo rhoqo okanye wayalela abanye ukuba basenze kwaye azange afane asishiye ngaphandle kwesizathu. Nawuphi othi angawukhathaleli lo mthetho ngaphandle kwesizathu ufumana isono.

SUNNAT GHAIR MUAKKADAH:

Nasiphi isenzo sika - Rasulullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam aweyesenzo amaxesha amaninzi, kodwa angasenzi ngamanye amaxesha. Ukungayenzi iSunnah enjalo akusosono nasekubeni ekuyenzeni umntu ufumana umvuzo ongaphezulu kunokwenza iMustahab.

MUSTAHABB OKANYE NAFL:

Sisenzo apho umntu xa athe wasenza afumane umvuzo ukuze xa etha akasenza angafumani sono.

HARAAM:

Ngumthetho ubungqina bawo obusekelezelwe kwi *Daleel-e-Qat'ee*. Lowo uthi awuphikise okanye awukhabe umthetho onjalo uthathwa njengomhedeni ukuze lowo ungawenziyo athathwe njengesaphuli mthetho kwaye ufanelwe kukohlwaywa.

MAKROOH TAHREEMI:

Ngumthetho ubungqina bawo obusekelezelwe kwi *Daleel-e-Zhanni*. Umntu othi awukhabe lo mthetho akathathwa njengomhedeni kodwa

lowo ungawenziyo ngaphandle kwesizathu esomnkelekileyo uthathwa njengesaphuli mthetho kwaye ufanelwe kukohlwaywa.

MAKROOH TANZEEHI:

Sisenzo apho xa usenzile akufumani sohlwayo nasekubeni kungathandeki ukuba senziwe. Lowo uthi angasenzi isenzo esinjalo uyavuzwa.

MUBAAH:

Sisenzo othi xa usenzile ungafumani mvuzo kanti xa ungasenzanga ungafumani kohlwaywa.

ISTINJAA

(Ukuhlamba ilungu okanye amalungu angasese emva kokuzithuma)

Xa uvuka ebuthongweni akufuneki uzifake izandla emanzini phambi kokuba uhlambe izandla uyokutsho esihlahleni, kukho ukungcola okanye kungekho. (*Durre-Mukhtaar*)

INDLELA YOKWENZA ISTINJAA

Ukuba kukho imfuneko yokwenza istinja phambi kokwenza iwuzu, kufuneka wenze ngoluhlobo; Sebenzisa amagada okanye itoilet paper ukufunxa amathontsi omchamo. Emva koko uhlambe amalungu angasese ngamanzi. Emva kokusebenzisa ilingu langasese langasemva osula ngamagada amathathu okanye itoilet paper emva koko uhlambe ngamanzi.

GHUSL (UKUHLAMBA UMZIMBA)

Zintathu ifarz kwighusl:

- 1) Ukuhlamba umzimba wonke.
- 2) Ukuhlamba amanzi ezimpumlweni kakuhle.
- 3) Ukuhlamba umzimba wonke.

Izinto eziyisunnat kwighusl zintlanu:

- 1) Ukuhlamba izandla uyokutsho esihlahleni
- 2) Ukwenza istinja kwaye uhlambe ukungcola okukhoyo emzimbeni (ukuba kukhona).
- 3) Ukuhlamba unenjongo yokususa ukungcola.
- 4) Ukwenza iwuzu yonke.
- 5) Ukugalela amanzi emzimbeni wonke kathathu.

INDLELA YOKWENZA IGHUSL

Kuqala uhlamba izandla uyokutsho esihlahleni. Emva koko wenze istinja kwaye uhlambe ukungcola ukuba kukhona emzimbeni, yenza iwuzu. Galela amanzi amancinane emzimbeni wonke uwahlikihle esikhumbeni, emva koko ugalele amanzi emzimbeni wonke kathathu.

IWUZU

Kwi wuzu kukho izinto eziyimfuneko okuthi ngaphandle kwazo ingomnkelek iwuza. Ezo zinto zibizwa ngokuba faraz. Ezinye izinto ezingabangeli ukuba iwuza ingomnkeleki zona ukuba ukuba uzishiyile iwuza iyomnkeleka kodwa intsikelelo azifumaneki, ezo izinto zibizwa ngokuba ziyi sunnat. Ezinye izinto kwi wuzu xa zenziwe ziza nomvuzo omkhulu kanti xa zingenziwanga kungabikho ngxaki, ezo izinto zibizwa ngokuba zi mustahabb.

IZINTO EZI FARZ KWI WUZU

Zine izinto ezifarz kwi wuzu:

- 1) Ukuhlamba ubuso ukusuka ekuqaleni kwebunzi uyokutsho ezantsi kwasilevu nokusuka kwenye indlebe uyokutsho kwenye.
- 2) Ukuhlamba ingalo kuquka nengqiniba kube kanye.
- 3) Ukwenza imasah yekota yentloko ubuncinane.
- 4) Ukuhlamba iinyawo zombini kuquka amaqatha kube kanye.

IZINTO EZIYI SUNNAT KWIWUZU

Zilishumi elinesithathu izinto eziyi sunnat kwi wuzu:

- 1) Ukwenza iniyyat.
- 2) Ukufunda Bismillah (xa uqala iwuza).
- 3) Ukuqala uhlambe izandla zombini uyokutsho esihlahleni kathathu.
- 4) Ukuxukuxa usebenzisa imiswaak.

- 5) Ukuhlamba umlomo kathathu.
- 6) Ukuphosa amanzi emathatheni empumlo kathathu.
- 7) Khilaal yendevu (kotata abanazo).
- 8) Khilaal yeminwe neenzwane.
- 9) Ukuhlamba ilungu ngalinye kulawo ahlanjwayo kathathu.
- 10) Ukwenza imasah yentloko yonke. (Ukugqithisa izandla ezimanzi entloko)
- 11) Imasah yeedlebe zombini.
- 12) Tarreeb - Ukuhlamba amalungu onke ngokulandelelana.
- 13) Ukuhlamba ngokukhawulezisa.

IZINTO EZI MUSTAHABB KWI WUZU

Zintlanu izinto ezi mustahabb kwi wuzu:

- 1) Ukuqala ngasekunene rhoqo.
- 2) Ukwenza imasah yentamo.
- 3) Ukwenza iwuzu ngaphandle kokuncediswa.
- 4) Ukujonga ngase Qibla xa usenza iwuzu.
- 5) Ukuchopha kwindawo ephakamileyo xa usenza iwuzu.

INDLELA YOKWENZA IWUZU

Kuqala hlamba izandla zozibini kubekathathu uyokutsho esihlahleni, xukuxa umlomo usebenzisa imiswaak.Ukuba akunayo imiswaak sebenzisa umnwe ukuhlikihla amazinyo. Phosa amanzi ezimpumlweni

uzicoce. Vasa ubuso ukusuka ekuqaleni kwebunzi uyokutsho ezantsi kxesilevu nokusuka kwenye indlebe uyokutsho kwenye. Wagalele amanzi ebusweni ngohlobo lokuba angatshizi indawo yonke. Ngoku hlamba ingalo zombini ziqluka nengqiniba kathathu. Emva koko galela amanzi ezandleni uphinde uwachithe ugqithise ezo zandla zimanzi entloko nase zindlebeni usebenzisa izandla zozibini, emva koko uhlambe iinyawo zombini uyokutsho emaqatheni kathathu, uqale ngasekunene kulandele ngasekhohlo. Emva kokugqiba ukwenza iwuzu funda le Dua ilandelayo:

أَشْهُدُ أَنَّ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَحْدَهُ لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ وَأَشْهُدُ أَنَّ
 مُحَمَّداً عَبْدُهُ وَرَسُولُهُ ، الَّلَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْنِي مِنَ التَّوَابِينَ
 وَاجْعَلْنِي مِنَ الْمُتَطَهِّرِينَ

ASH-HADU ALLAA ILAAHA ILLAL-LAHU WAH-DAHU LAA
 SHARIEKA LAHU WA-ASH-HADU AN-NA MUHAMMADAN
 AB-DUHU WARASOOLUHU ALLAHUMMA J-ALNIE MINAT-
 TOWWAABIENA WAJ-ALNIE MINAL MUTATAH-HIRIENA

*Ndiyangqina ukuba akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonza ngaphandle
 kuka Allah, myne akanamahlakani. Kwaye ndiyangqina ukuba
 umuhammad sisicaka nomthunywa ka Allah. Ndenze ndibeyi nxalenye
 yabo baguqukileyo kakhulu kwaye undenze omnye wabo
 bahlambulikileyo kakhulu.*

IZINTO EZOPHULA IWUZU

- 1) Ukuphuma komchamo, ilindle okanye nayiphi into ephuma kulo malungu angasese.
- 2) Ukuthsula.
- 3) Ukopha okanye ukuqengqeleka kobofu.
- 4) Ukukhupha umlomo ogcweleyo.
- 5) Ukulala unqengqile okanye unqiyamile entweni.
- 6) Ukumnkelwa zingqondo ngenxa yokugula okanye esinye isizathu.
- 7) Ukuphambana.
- 8) Ukuhleka kakhulu emthandazweni.

TAYAMMUM

INDLELA YOKWENZA ITAYAMMUM

Ukungafumani amanzi umgama ongange mayile enye ye Sharia okanye umntu uqinisekile ukuba xa ethe wenza iwuzu okanye ighusl ukugula kuzakukhula, kengoko lo mntu uyalelwu ukuba enze iTayammum endaweni yewuzu okanye ighusl. Indlela yokwenza itayammum kwi wuzu nakwi ghusl:

- 1) Kuqala yenza iniyyat yokuba ndenza itayammum khona ukuze ndifumane ukucoceka.beka izandla zozibini phantsi kumhlaba ococekileyo gudla ubuso kube kanye.
- 2) Beka izandla emhlabeni ococekileyo ugudle iingalo uyokutsho ezingqinibeni kube kanye.

IZINTO EZILUNYANZELO KWI TAYAMMUM

- 1) Ukwenza iniyyat.
- 2) Ukugudla izandla zozibini ebusweni bonke kube kanye, emva kokuzibeka emhlabeni.
- 3) Ukugudla izandla zozibini ezingalweni zombini kube kanye uyokutsho ezingqinibeni emva kokuzibeka emhlabeni.

I AZAAN NE IQAAMAT

Amagama e azaan ne iqaamat aloluhlobo lulandelayo:

اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

ALLAHU AKBAR

Allah nguye omkhulu (yitsho kube kane)

أَشْهُدُ أَنَّ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ

ASH –HADU AL-LAA ILAAHA ILLAL-LAAHU

Ndiyangqina ukuba akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonza ngaphandle
kuka Allah (kabini)

أَشْهُدُ أَنَّ مُحَمَّدًا رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

ASH-HADU ANNA MUHAMMADAR RASOOLULLAH

Ndiyangqina ukuba ngokuqinisekileyo uMuhammad nguMthunywa ka
Allah (kabini)

حَيَّ عَلَى الصَّلَاةِ

HAY-YA ALAS –SALAAH

Iza emthandazweni (kabini)

حَيَّ عَلَى الْفَلَاحِ

HAY-YA ALAL FALAAH

Iza empumelelweni (kabini)

الله أَكْبَرُ

ALLAHU AKBAR

Allah nguye omkhulu (kabini)

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ

LAA ILAAHA IL-LALLAH

Akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonzwa ngaphandle (kube kanye)

Kwi azaan ye fajr emva ko HAY-YA ALAL FALAH wongeza
ezizivakalisi zilandelayo (kabini)

الصَّلَاةُ خَيْرٌ مِّنَ النَّوْمِ

ASSALAATU KHAYRUMMINAN-NOWM

Ngokuqinisekileyo umthandazo uqalisile

Kwi Iqamah ko HAY-YA ALAL FALAH wongeza ezizivakalisi zilandelayo (kabini):

قَدْ قَامَتِ الصَّلَاةُ

QAD QAAMATIS SALAAH

UKUPHENDULA I-AZAAN NE-IQAAMAT

URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi: Lowo uthi aphendule kwi–azaan ngokuqinisekileyo uyakulingena izulu. (Nasaai) Ukuphendula I azaan okanye I qaamat kwensiwa ngokuthi lowo umameleyo awaphinde awabize lo magama abizwa yi Muazzin (lo mntu wenza I azaan) okanye iMukabbir (lowo wenza i- iqamat). Kodwa apho kuthiwa hayya alal falaah na hayya alas salaah umntu omameleyo uphendula ngala magama alandelayo:

لَا حَوْلَ وَلَا قُوَّةَ إِلَّا بِاللهِ

LAA HOWLA WALAA QUWWATA ILLAA BILLAH

Akukho mandla nabungangamsha ngaphandle kuka Allah

Xa uphendula ku ASSALAATU KHAYRUMMINAN-NOWM Uthi:

صَدَقَتْ وَبَرْزَتْ

SADAQTA WABARARTA

Uyithethile inyaniso kwaye wenze okuhle

Impendulo ku QAD QAAMATIS-SALAAH Ithi:

أَقَامَهَا اللَّهُ وَأَدَمَهَا

AQAAMA HALLAHU WA ADAAMAHAA

Inga u-Allah angawumisa lo mthandazo kwaye awenze uqhubekeke

IDUA EMVA KWE AZAAN

اللَّهُمَّ رَبَّ هَذِهِ الدَّعْوَةِ التَّامَّةِ ، وَالصَّلَاةِ الْقَائِمَةِ ، أَتِ
مُحَمَّدًا بِالْوَسِيلَةِ وَالْفَضِيلَةِ وَابْعَثْهُ مَقَامًا مَحْمُودًا بِالَّذِي
وَعَدْتَهُ ، إِنَّكَ لَا تُخْلِفُ الْمِيعَادَ

ALLAHUMMA RABBA HAAZID DA'WATIT- TAAMMAT
WASSALAATIL QAA-IMATI AATI MUHAMMADANIL
WASEELATA WAL FADEELATA WAB ATH-HU MAQAAAMAM
MAHMOODANIL –LAZIE WA-ATTAHU INNAKA LAA
TUKHLIFUL MIE-AAD

Owu Allah Nkosi yesisimezo sigqibeleyo nalo mthandazo uzakuthandazwa. Nika u Muhammad (sallallahu alayhi wasallam) ukuba abengumthetheleli newonga kwaye umphakamisele kwiMaqaam –e-Mahmood omthembise yona. Ngokuqisekileyo akusophuli isithembiso.

AMAXESHA EMITHANDAZO EMIHLANU YAYONKE IMIHLA

FAJR SALAAH: Ngumthandazo othandazwa ekuseni phambi kokuphuma kwelanga.

ZUHR SALAAH: Ngumthandazo othandazwa kwisiqingatha sesihlanu semini.

ASR SALAAH: Ngumthandazo othandazwa kwisiqingatha sesibhozo semini.

MAGHRIB SALAAH: Ngumthandazo othandazwa ngoko nangoko ukutshona kwelanga.

ESHA SALAAH: Ngumthandazo othandazwa malunga neyure enye nemizuzu engamashumi amane anesihlanu emva kokutshona kwelanga.

TAHAJJUD SALAAH: Ngumthandazo othandazwa kwiyure nemizuzu engamashumi amane anesihlanu phambi kokuphuma kwelanga.

IZINTO EZILUNYANZELO ZOMTHANDAZO

Izinto ezisixhenxe zomthandazo phambi kokuqala ukuthandaza zibizwa ngokuba ziSharaait zomthandazo, ukuze ezisixhenxe zibe lunyanzelo ngelikesha uthandaza, zona zibizwa ngokuba zi-Arkaan zomthandazo.

SHARAAIT ZOMTHANDAZO

- 1) Ukucoceka komzimba kubumdaka.
- 2) Ukucoceka kwempahla kubumdaka.
- 3) Ukucoceka kwendawo yokuthandazela.
- 4) Ukugquma isatar (indawo ekufuneka zigqunyiwe ngalo lonke ixesha uzakuthandaza)
- 5) Ukuthandaza umthandzo ngexesha lawo elifanelekileyo.
- 6) Ukujonga ngase Qibla.
- 7) Ukuba nenjongo yokuthandaza.

ARKAAN ZOMTHANDAZO

- 1) Takbeer-e-Tahreema (ukuthi Allahu Akbar).
- 2) Qiyaam - ukuthandaza umile (apho kufuneka umile).
- 3) Qiraat - ukufunda iivesi ze Quraan.
- 4) Ruku - ukugoba (apho kufuneka ugobe khona).
- 5) Ukwenza iiSujood ezimbini (ukuqubuda kabini).
- 6) Qa'dah Akheera - ukuhlala phantsi ekupheleni komthandazo isithuba esingangokufunda u-Atta-hiy-yatu.
- 7) Ukuphuma emthandazweni ngokuzithandela.

IZINTO EZIWA AJIB EMTHANDAZWENI

- 1) Ukuqala umthandazo ngegama u-Allahu Akbar.
- 2) Ukufunda Iquran engcwele kwiiRakaat ezimbini zokuqala zemithandazo eFardh.
- 3) Ukufunda iSura Faatiha kwiiRakaat ezimbini zokuqala kwimithandazo eFardh nakwi rakaat nganye yeminye imithandazo ngaphandle kwerakaat yesithathu neyesine yomthandazo ofardh.
- 4) Ukudibanisa iSurah noSurah Faatiha okanye ivesi ende okanye iivesi ezintathu ezincinane kwirakaat yomthandazo ngamnye, ngaphandle kweerakaat ezimbini zokugqibela zomthandazo oFardh.
- 5) Ukufunda uSurah Faatiha kunye nenyenye Isurah ngokulandelelana (ithetha ukuthi uqale ufunde uSurah Faatiha, emva kwakhe ufunde enye iSurah).
- 6) Ukuthandaza ngokukhululekileyo.
- 7) Kwi Qowma (ukuma nqo emva kweruku phambi kokwenza isujood) ukuma ngoku khululekileyo.
- 8) Ukuhlala ngokukhululekileyo kwi jalsa (ukuchopha okuphakathi kwee sijda zombini).
- 9) Ukwenza izinto zomthandazo ngokulandelelana kwazo.
- 10) Ukucinezela ngempumlo nebunzi ngamandla xa ukwi Sajda.
- 11) Ukuhlala phantsi kwiQadah yokuqala.
- 12) Ukufunda u-At-tahiy-yatu kwi Qadah yokuqala nakwi Qadah yesibini.
- 13) Ukuphakamela iRakaat yesithathu ngoko nangoko wakugqiba u-At-tahiy-yatu kwi-Qa'dah yokuqala.
- 14) Ukugqibezelu umthandazo ng-Assalaamu Alaykum.

- 15) Ukuba i-Imaam kumthandazo ofundwa ngelizwi eliphezulu, ifundei Quran engcwele ngelizwi eliphezulu, ukuze kwimithandazo efundwa ngelizwi eliphantsi iyifunde iQuran ngelizwi eliphantsi.
- 16) Ukwenza iisijda zombini ngokulandelelana.
- 17) Ukufunda idua-e-qunoot kumthandazo weWitr.
- 18) Ukubiza iiTakbeer ezintathu ezongezelelwego kwii-Eid zombini.
- 19) Kumthandazo wee-Eid zombini ukubiza u-Allahu Akbar xa usiya kwiRuku.
- 20) Ukuthi Allahu Akbar phambi kokufunda iDua-e-Qunoot kumthandazo weWitr.

IISUNNAT ZOMTHANDAZO

- 1) Ukuba amadoda kwi Takbeer Tahriema aphakamise izandla zilungelelane neendlebe, ukuze abafazi bona zilungelelane namagxa.
- 2) Ukuyivula iminwe ngelixesha ubiza iTakbeer Tahreema.
- 3) Ukuba umntu osemva kwe-Imaam ayibize iTakbeer ngexesha elinye ne-Imaam.
- 4) Ukuba amadoda asibeke isandla sasekunene phezu kwesandla sasekhohlo ezantsi kwenkaba enze isangqa.
- 5) Ukuba abafazi babeke isandla sasekunene phezu kwesandla sasekhohlo ngaphandle kokuzisonga esifubeni.
- 6) Ukufunda u-Sub-haana kal-lahumma.
- 7) Ukufunda u-A-oozhu.
- 8) Ukufunda uBismillah ekuqaleni kweRakaat nganye.
- 9) Ukuthi Aameen (emva koSurah Faatiha).

- 10) Ukuthi Rab-banaa Walakal-hamd (emva kweRuku).
- 11) Ukufunda uSub-haana kallahum-ma no-Aoozhu noBismillah ngelizwi eliphantsi.
- 12) Ukuba i-Imaam ibize iTakbeer Tahriema ngelizwi eliphezulu.
- 13) Ukugcina intloko ime tse ngexesha ubiza iTakbeer Tahriema.
- 14) Ukuba i-Imaam ithi Sami-Allahu Liman Hamidah ngelizwi eliphezulu.
- 15) Ukuba kubekho isithuba seminwe emine phakathi kweenyawo ngelithuba umileyo.
- 16) Ukuba umntu ongumhlali walo ndawo kwiZuhr nakwi Fajr afunde nayiphina isurah kwiiTiw-wal Mufas-sal (ukusuka kuSurah Hujraat uyokutsho kuSurah Burooj, ukuze kwi-Asr ne Esha afunde nayiphina iSurah kwii-Ausaat-e-Mufassal (ukusuka kuSurah Burooj uyokutsho kuSurah Bayyinah, ukuze kwiMaghrib afunde nayiphina iSurah kwiiQissaar-e-Mufassal (ukusuka kuSurah Bayyinah uyokutsho ekupheleni kweQuran Engcwele.
- 17) Ukuyenza iRakaat yokuqala yeFajr ibende xa uyithelekisa neRakaat yesibini.
- 18) Ukubiza iTakbeer yeRuku.
- 19) Ukufunda iTakbeer ye Ruku kube kathathu.
- 20) Ukubamba amadolo ngezandla kwiRuku.
- 21) Ukuba amadoda ayithi saa iminwe kwiRuku, ukuze abafazi bayidibanise iminwe.
- 22) Ukuyimisa nqo imilenze kwiRuku.
- 23) Ukumisa umqolo nqo amadoda kwiRuku, bona abafazi bangagobi kakhulu kwiRuku.

- 24) Ukwenza intloko ilungelelane neempundu ngethuba usenza iRuku.
- 25) Ukuaqale uphakamise intloko xa usuka kwiRuku.
- 26) Ukuma ngokukhululekileyo emva kweRuku.
- 27) Xa usenza iSajda ukuqala ubeke amadolo kulandele izandla, kugqibele ubuso.
- 28) Ngethuba uphakama kwiSajda ukuqala uphakamise ubuso kulandele izandla kugqibele amadolo.
- 29) Ukubiza iTakbeer xa usiya kwiSajda.
- 30) Ukubiza iTakbeer xa uphakamisa intloko usuka kwiSajda.
- 31) Ukugcina intloko phakathi kwezandla kwiSajda.
- 32) Ukuthi Sub-haan rab-biy-yal a'laa kathathu kwiSajda.
- 33) Ukuba amadoda agcine isisu kude kunamathanga, ukuze iingqiniba zingathi nca neembambo neengalo zingafikeleli phantsi.
- 34) Ukuba abafazi bahla kakhulu xa besenza isijda, bathi nca isisu kunye namathanga.
- 35) Qaumah: ukuma tse xa usuka kwiRuku.
- 36) Jalsa: ukuchopha phantsi phakathi kweSajda yokuqala neyesibini.
- 37) Ukubeka izandla emathangeni kwiJalsa.
- 38) Ukondlala unyawo lwasekhohlo kwiQadah, ukuze umise unyawo lwasekunene tse.
- 39) Ukuba abafazi kwiQadah benze iTawarruk (ukuba bachophe ngeempundu iinyawo ziphume ngasekunene).
- 40) Xa ufunda u-At-tahiy-yatu xa ufika ku Laa wesivakalisi Ash-hadu al-la ilaaha, ukuba uphakamise umnwe ukuze ku il-lallahu uwuthobe.

- 41) Ukufunda uSurah Faatiha kwiiRakaat ezimbini zokugqibela kumthandazo oyiFarz, hayi umthandazo oyiSunnat, kufuneka kwiiRakaat ezimbini zokugqibela ufunde uSurah Faatiha kunye nenye iSurah.
- 42) Ukufunda iDurood Shareef kwi Qadah yokugqibela.
- 43) Emva kwe Durood Sharief ukuba ufunde iDua enamagama afanayo namagama eQuran Engcwele okanye iHadith.
- 44) Ukujika ubuso ngethuba usenza iSalaam ngasekunene nangasekhohlo.
- 45) Xa i-Imaam isenza isalaam yenze iniyyat yokuba yenza isalaam kubalandeli bayo nakwiiNgelosi nakwiiJinnat ezilungileyo.
- 46) Xa uMlandeli isenza iSalaam enze iniyyat ye-imaam kwelo cala ingakulo, ukuze ukuba iMuqtadi isemva kwe imaam ngqo, ngelo xesha Imuqtadi yenza iniyyat ye-imaam macala omabini kunye nabanye abalandeli bonke akukhathaliseki nokuba baziJinn okanye abantu, nokuba zii*Kiraaman Kaatibien* (IIngelosi ezibhala izenzo zabantu).
- 47) Umntu othandaza yedwa wenza iniyyat yeeNgelosi zodwa.
- 48) Ukwenza i-salaam yesibini ngelizwi elisezantsi kune salaam yokuqala.
- 49) Ukuba iMuqtadi yenze isalaam kunye nesalaam ye-imaam.
- 50) Ukuqala wenze isalaam ngasekunene.
- 51) Ukuba iMasbooq (umntu ophoswe yirakaat enye okanye ngaphezulu) iphakame emva kwee salaam zombini.

IZINTO EZIMUSTAHAB EMTHANDAZWENI

- 1) Ukuba amadoda aphakamise izandla zilungelelane neendlebe, ukuba yombethe ityali izikhuphe izandla etyalini.
- 2) Ukujonga kwindawo yesijda kwiQiyaam nakwiQowma, kwiruku ujunge ezinyaweni, kwisijda empumlweni, kwijalsa nakwiQada emathangeni, ukuze ngethuba usenza isalaam ujunge emagxeni.
- 3) Ukunqanda ukukhohlela kangangoko unakho.
- 4) Ukuvala umlomo xa uzamla, ukuze ukuba uyavuleka ukwiQiyaam ukunqande ngomva wesandla sasekunene, ukuze ukuba ukwenye imeko ngaphandle kwale ingentla ukunqande ngomva wesandla sasekhohlo.

IZINTO EZOPHULA UMTHANDAZO

Izinto ezophula umthandazo zibizwa ngokuba ziiMufsidaat-e-namaaz:

- 1) Ukuthetha emthandazweni ngabom okanye ngempazamo kakhulu okanye kancinane.
- 2) Ukubulisa ngethuba usemthandazweni okanye ukuphendula umntu obulisayo.
- 3) Ukuthi Yar-hamukal-lahu kumntu othimlayo.
- 4) Ukomnkela ukulungiswa ngumntu ongaphandle emthandazweni, okanye ukuti *Ameen* kwi dua yomntu ongaphandle emthandazweni.
- 5) Ukuthi *Inna lillahi* wokuva iindaba ezimbi, okanye ukuthi Sub-haanallah kwiindaba ezimangalisayo.
- 6) Ukubonisa impazamo umntu ongeyo Imaam yakho emthandazweni, okanye emthandazweni ukufunda ujunge kwi Kurani Engcwele.
- 7) Ukuya phambili emthandazweni isithuba semigca emibini okanye ukuba imuqtadi idlule kwi-imaam ime phambi kwayo.

- 8) Ukujika isifuba kwi Qibla ngaphandle kwesizathu.
- 9) Ukutya okanye ukusela emthandazweni ngabom okanye ngempazamo.
- 10) Ukwena isijda kwindawo engcolileyo.
- 11) Ukuvuleka kweSatar ngokungalindekanga kwaye ivuleke isithuba sokuba enye yezinto zomthandazo ingenziwa
- 12) Ukuzonanca komntwana emntwini ongumfazi.
- 13) Ukuma komfazi emgceni wamadoda.
- 14) Ukuhleka kakhulu komntu obaaligh.
- 15) Ukucela kwi dua into njengesiqhelo ecelwa ebantwini. Umzekelo: ukwenza le dua owu Allah Ndinike IR100, 00.
- 16) *Amal-e-Katheer*: Ukwenza nayiphina into ngezandla okanye ukwenza nayiphina into ethi umntu okujongileyo acinge ukuba akuthandazi okanye ukwenza nayiphina iRukn (ilungu lomthandazo) ukulenza ngeentshukumo ezintathu ngaphandle kwesizathu.

IZINTO EZINGATHANDEKIYO (MAKROOH) EMTHANDAZWENI

Izinto ezingathandekiyo emthandazweni zibizwa ngokuba zii Makroohat-e-Namaaz:

- 1) Ukunqanda umchamo okanye ukuya ngasese okanye ukuthsula khona ukuze uthandaze (ukulo meko).
- 2) Ukunxiba impahla ephikisana nomthetho okanye ukuyijingisa.
- 3) Ukungagqumi iingqiniba.

- 4) Ukuba amadoda agqume amaqatha ngebhulukhwe okanye nayiphina into.
- 5) Ukunxiba impahla enemizobo yezinto ezinobomu.
- 6) Ukuba umzobo (walonto inobomu) ube phezu kwentloko yomthandazi okanye phami kwakhe okanye ngasekunene okanye ngasekhohlo kwindawo ye sijda.
- 7) Ukuthandaza ujongene nomnye umntu.
- 8) Ukudlala ngempahla okanye umzimba wakho.
- 9) Ukufinyeza impahla okanye ukuyisonga.
- 10) Ukuthandaza ubophe iinwele ngasemva kwentloko.
- 11) Ukuthandaza phambi kwakho kukho ingcwaba.
- 12) Ukuhlafuna into okanye ukugcina emlonyeni nayiphi na into ethi yenze ukufunda iKurani Engcwele kubenzima, ukuba akukwazeki ukufunda iKurani umthandazo awomnkeleki.
- 13) Ukuma ngonyawo olunye emthandazweni okanye ukushukushukuma.
- 14) Ukunqakraza iminwe.
- 15) Ukuzamla.
- 16) Ukuba wondlale iingalo kwiSajda (ukuthi nca emhlabeni xa usenza iSajda).
- 17) Ukungacinezeli ngempumlo kwiSajda.
- 18) Ukususa amahlalutye kwindawo yesijda, ukuba kukho ubunzima ekwenzeni isajda, kuvumelekileukuba uwasuse kube kanye.

- 19) Ukuba kuqala imuqtadi iqale yenze nayiphina into kuqala kune – imaam.
- 20) Ukuba imuqtadi ifunde ikurani.
- 21) Ukwenza nayiphi na into ephikisana nesunnat emthandazweni.

SAJDA SAHWU

Ukuba nayiphi na into emthandazweni ithe yashiyeka okanye uthathe ithuba elide ekwenzeni into efardh, ngoko ke ngokuthi wenze isajda sahwu umthandazo uyalunga. Ngokunjalo ukuba uthathe ithuba elide ekwenzeni iwaajib okanye ukususa into efardh endaweni yayo uyizise phambili okanye, okanye ukwenza into efardh kabini, nakhona kufuneka wenze isajda sahwu. Into engundoqo ye yokuba kufuneka ezizinto ukuba zibe zenzeka ngempazamo, kuba ukuba ezizinto zenziwe ngabomu, isajda sahwu ayenziwa, koko kulunyanzelo ukuba umthandazo uphindwe. Isajda sahwu ithetha isijda eyenziwa xa uthe walibala kuphela.

INDLELA YOKWENZA ISAJDA SAHWU

Indlela yokwenza isijda sihwu yile: Ukuba kwiQa'dah yokugqibela emva kokufunda iTashahhud wenza isalaam kube kanye wenze iisijda zibembini, emva kwazo uphinde ufunde iTashahhud idurood sharief kunye nedua ube sele uggibezelu umthandazo njengesiqhelo ngeeSalaam ezimbini. Kuyimfuneko uyazi ukuba into efardh ukuba ithe ayenziwa, isajda sahwu ayikwazi ukuyilungisa, kuyimfuneko ukuba umthandazo uphindwe nokuba ithe yashiyeka ngokulibala. Ukuba emthandazweni kuthe kwenzeka izinto ezininzi ezifuna isajda sahwu ukuba yenziwe, ngokuthi wenze isajda sahwu enye yanelisa zonke ezo zinto azishiyileyo.

SAJDA TILAAWAT

Iindawo ezilishumi elinesine kwi kurani engcwele ziloluhlobo, ukuba umntu ozifndayo okanye ozimameleyo ku waajib ukuba enze isijda zibizwa ngokuba ziisijda tilaawat.

INDLELA YOKWENZA ISAJDA TILAAWAT

Emthandazweni ukuba uthe wafunda ivesi yesajda tilaawat kufuneka ngoko nangoko ngelithuba esithi Allahu Akbar aye kwisajda enze isajda enye, uphinde ube sele usithi Allahi Akbar ngelithuba uphakamayo, ngelithuba umileyo ube sele uqhubekaka apho ubuphele khona ukufunda ikurani engcwele. Ivesi yesajda tilaawat ukuba ithe yafundwa ngaphandle emthandazweni okanye ithe yamanyelwa, indlela yokuyenza yile ilandelayo: Ekubeni ume ngeenyawo ngaphandle kokuphakamisa izandla ufunda itakbeer emva kokuba wenze iniyyat yesajda tilaawat uye kwisajda. Wenza isijda ibenyne wokugqiba uphakame ngelixesha ufunda iTakbeer kwakhona. Lena yejona ndlela ingcono. Ukuba umntu uthe wenza isajda ngelithuba ahleli phantsi wokugqiba aphinde ahlale phantsi isajda tilaawat nanjalo iyafezeka. Ukuba ivesi yesajda tilaawat ithe yafundwa kwindawo enye kabini okanye ngaphezulu okanye ithe yamanyelwa, ukwenza isajda kuba waajib kube kanye. Izinto emthandazweni eziyimfuneko zikwayimfuneko kwisijda tilaawat, kwaye zonke izinto ezophula umthandazo zikwayophula nesajda tilaawat.

IINDLELA ZOKUFUNDA IKURANI ENGCWELE

Rhoqo efunda ikurani engcwele uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wayefunda ngeTarteel (ukufunda ngokucothisisa) wayengafundi ngokukhawulezisa koko wayefunda igama ngalinye ngokucacileyo,

afunde ivesi ibenye aphumle ukuze onobumba bokutsala abafunde ngokutsala.

Umzekelo: Rahmaan noRahiem wayebafunda ngokutsala ukuze ekuqaleni kokufunda ikuran wayecela ukukhuselwa nguAllah kuSathana oqalekisiweyo wokugqiba afunde athi:

أَعُوذُ بِاللّٰهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ

AOOZHU BILLAAHI MINASH-SHAYTAANIR- RAJEM

Ndicela ukukhuselwa ngu Allah kusathana oqalekisiweyo

Ngamanye amaxesha wayedla ngokufunda athi:

أَللّٰهُمَّ إِنِّي أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ مِنْ هَمَزٍ
وَنَفَخٍ وَنَفَثٍ

ALLAHUMMA IN-NIE AOOZHU BIKI MINASH-SHAYTAANIR
RAJIEM MIN HAMZIHI WANAFKHIHI WANAFATHIHI

*Owu Allah ndicela ukukhuselwa nguwe kusathana oqalekisiweyo,
ezingcebisweni zakhe ezimbi, ekusebezeni kwakhe ezingqondweni
nasezintliziyweni zabantu.*

UHazrat Ummi Salma radhiallahu anha uthi uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wayefunda ikurani ngokuthi afunde ivesi nganye ngokwahlukeneyo umzekelo: wayefunda ivesi:

الْحَمْدُ لِلّٰهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ

ALHAMDULILLAHI RABBIL AALAMEEN

Wokugqiba aphumle, emva koko afunde ivesi:

أَكَرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

AR-RAHMAANIR-RAHEEM

Aphumle kwakhona, emva koko afunde

مَا لِكِ يَوْمُ الدِّينِ

MAALIKI YOWMID-DEEN

Nakwezinye iivesi ezilandelayo wayephumla ngokunjalo. (*Tirmizhi*)

Kule Hadith sifunda ukuba ukuphumla kwivesi nganye ka Sura Faatiha kungcono kakhulu kwaye esisenzo siboniswa kwiiHadith ezininzi.

INDLELA YOKUZIPHATHA EMASJID NOKWENZA IMIGCA

Xa ungena emasjid uqale ubeke unyawo lwasekunene uthi:

أَللّٰهُمَّ افْتَحْ لِيْ أَبْوَابَ رَحْمَتِكَ

ALLAHUMMAF –TAH-LIE AB-WAABA RAH-MATIKA

Owu Allah ndivulele iingcango zenceba yakho

Xa uphuma emasjid uqale ukhuphe unyawo lwasekhohlo uthi:

أَللّٰهُمَّ إِنِّي أَسأَلُكَ مِنْ فَضْلِكَ

ALLAHUMMA IN-NIE AS-ALUKA MIN FAD-LIKA

Owu Allah ndicela ufefe lwakho

Ukuba emasjid ngaphandle kweendidi zonqulo ezi fardh nezingekho fardh ukuba uhlale uthe cwaka ukuba uyathetha kufuneka uthethe ngelizwi eliphantsi. Ukuba unenjongo zokuhlala isithuba eside kungcono ukuba wenze iniyyat ye –Itikaaf:

نَوَيْتُ الِإِعْتِكَافَ

NAWAYTUL ITIKAAF

Ndinenjongo zokuhlala i-Itikaaf

Ekwenzeni lonto kukho umvuzo omninzi. Hlala phantsi ngembeko, eyona ndlela ingcono kukuguqa ngamadolo ujunge ngase Qibla ingakumbi ngethuba umamele ikhutba. Ukujonga ukucoceka kwemasjid nokuba imasjid itshayelwe, ukususa ukungcola kunye nokulahla inkunkuma yay, ukunukisa emasjid kamnandi ngesiqholo ingakumbi

ngemini yejuma, zonke ezo zenzo ziyakukhusela ukuze ungene ezulwini (jannat). (*Abu Dawood*) Ngokuthi ukhuphe imizi okanye uthuli emasjid nako kukwenza kubhalwe iintsikelelo. (*Mishkaat*) Ngokufutshane ukuthabatha inxaxheba kwiimfuno zemasjid nasemisebenzini yayo luqobelo lethamsanqa kwanesadaqa jaariya (umvuzo ofumaneka naphakade). Kwi Jam-e-Tirmidhi (Igama le Newadi YeHadith) uHazrat Abu Hurayra radillahu anhu uthi wathi uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam xa uthe waya kwimiyezo yase mazulwini khona uze udle iziqhamo, wabuzwa ukuba owu mthunywa ka-Allah, yintoni imiyezo yasemazulwini? Waphendula wathi ziimasjid, wabuzwa ukuba owu Rasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam iziqhamo zakhona yintoni? Waphendula wathi:

سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَلَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

SUB-HAANAL-LAAHI WAL-HAMDU LIL-LAAHI WALAA
ILAAHA IL-LALLAAHU WALLAAHU AKBAR

Uzuko malube ku-Allah kwaye iindumiso zonke zezika-Allah, namnye ofanelwe ukukhonza ngaphandle kuka-Allah, unguyenya mkhulu.

(Mishkaat igama le ncwadi yehadith)

Hadith: Nu'man bni Bashier radillahu anhu wabalisa wathi uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wayedla ngokumisa imigca yethu tse nangokulinganayo ngokungathi uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam uzakujolisa utolo ngayo (imigca yethu) Wade uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wacinga ukuba nathi siqondile (ukuba kufuneka sime njanina) emva koko ngenye imini kwenzeka ukuba uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wafika, kwaye wayesele emile endaweni yakhe ezakuthandaza kwade kwakufutshane ukuba uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam enze itakbier aqale umthandazo, kwenzeka

ukuba amehlo kaRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam athi awela emntwini othile, isifuba sakhe sasize phambili kancinane emgceni ngoko nangoko uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi yenzani imigca yenu ithi tse kwaye ilungelelane okunye u-Allah Ta'ala uyakwenza I-antlukwano phakathi kwenu. (*Muslim*)

Ngethuba lokwenza imigca okanye ungenelela ijamaat esele ibunjiwe, abantu kufuneka beme ngokusondeleleneyo kudibane amagxa kungabikho zithuba phakathi kwabo. Eyona nto ibalulekileyo ekwenzeni imigca kukuba izithende zilungelelane amagxa adibane. I-imam nayo kubalulekile ukuba phambi kokuba iqale umthandazo ijone ukuba imigca ithi tse kusinina.

UKUKHALINYELWA KOKUNQUMLA PHAMBI KOMNTU OTHANDAZAYO

uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi ukuba umntu onqumla phambi komntu othandazayo unokuyazi ukuba singakanani na isono asifumanayo unobona kungcono ukuba ame iminyaka engamashumi amane kunokuba anqumle phambi kwakhe. (*Mishkat*)

IIRAKAAT ZOMTHANDAZO

	FAJR	ZUHAR	ASR	MAGRIB	ESHA	JUMA
Sunnats before	2	4	4		4	4
Faraz	2	4	4	3	4	2
Sunnats after		2		2	2	4
Nafl		2		2	2	2
Wajib					3 Witr	
Nafl					2	2

UKUQUBEKEKA KWERAKAATS ZOMTHANDAZO

Khumbula: Iisunnat esiphambi kwe Fajr, Zuhar neJuma zonke zilmuakkada, akubeni ezo ziphambi kwe-Asr ne-Esha ziighayr muakkada.

Zonke iisunnat neenafl ekuzithandazeni endlwini kukho iithawaab ezininzi kunokuzithandaza emasjid, ngaphandle kweesunnat neenafl ezimbalwa kuba ekuzithandazeni emasjid kungcono. Umzekelo: Umthandazo womnyama neminye neminye uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wayeyithandaza yonke, iisunnat neenafl ekhayeni,

kwaye wayekhuthaza amaSahaba ukuba enze njalo. Ikwayintetho ka Rasulullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam ukuba owona mthandazo uthandekayo kumadoda ngaphandle kwemithandazo eyiFaraz ngumthandazo owenziwa ekhayeni.

INDLELA YOKUTHANDAZA

Into yokuqala oyenza ngethuba uzakuthandaza kukwenza iniyyat yalo mthandazo. Ume ujunge ngaseQibla, iinyawo zime tse. Uphakamise izandla zozibini zilungelelane neendlebe iminwe ithe tse umphakathi wesandla ujunge ngaseQibla, oobhontsi bafike kwincam yendlebe. Emva koko uthi **Allahu Akbar** ube sele usonga izandla ezantsi kwenkaba ngokuthi ubeke umphakathi wesandla sasekunene kumva wesandla sasekhohlo, ukuze ngoobhontsi nocikicane wenze isangqa wenze isangqa ubambe isihlahla, eminye iminwe ayigcine phezu kwesihlahla, ukuze amehlo ajonge kwindawo yokwenza isijda ube sele ufunda iThanaa ngelizwi eliphantsi.

Emva koko ufunda iTa-ow-wuz, emva koko iTasmia ube sele ufunda isura Fatiha wokugqiba uthi Ameen ngelizwi eliphantsi. Emva koko funda isura ibe nye, okanye ezimfutshane zibentathu kodwa ukuba uthandaza emva kwe-imaam ufunda iThanaa yodwa, emva koko uma njalo uthe cwaka. Ukuba usemva kwe-imaam akuyifundi ita-owwuz, tasmiyah, surah fatiha okanye isura.

Goba uye kwi-ruku uthi **Allahu Akbar**. Bamba amadolo ngeminwe evulekileyo ethe saa. Gcina umqolo uthe tse kangangokuba ukuba iglassi yamanzi inokubekwa kuwo ayinakuwa. Intloko kufuneka ilungelelane nomqolo akufuneki ibe phezulu okanye ezantsi. Iingalo kufuneka zihlale zikude kunamacala omzimba, iziquluba zime tse ngethuba ukwi-ruku. Itasbieh yeruku ungayifunda amatyeli amathathu okanye amahlanu. Ngethuba ufunda itasmee (**sami allahu liman hamidah**) uma tse,

wogqiba uthi: **Rabbana walakal-hamd.** Imaam yona ifunda itasmee (hayi itahmied).

Ngoku iya kwi sajda ngelithuba usithi **Allahu Akbar** uqale ubeke amadolo emhlabeni, kulandele izandla zozibini, impumlo ekuggibeleni ibunzi. Ubuso bubekwa phakathi komphakathi wesandla oobhontsi bona kufuneka balungelelane neendlebe. Kwi sijda ufunda itasbieh kube kathathu okanye kahlanu. Ngelithuba usithi Allahu Akbar uqala uphakamise ibunzi, impumlo kulandele izandla zozibini wokugqiba uhlale phantsi tse. Ngoku yenza itakbier kwakhona ube ngaxesha linye usiya kwi sijda elandelayo. Ngoku phakama usebenzisa iiintupha zeenzwane ngelithuba usenza itakbier, uqale uphakamise ibunzi emhlabeni kulandele impumlo, izandla kuggibe amadolo, ukuze ngelithuba umileyo usonge izandla ezantsi kwenkaba ufunde uBismillah, surah fatiha kunye nenye isura. (Ukuba umntu ulandela I-imaam akafundi nto, uhlala emile ethe cwaka). Kwakhona ngalandlela ichazwe ngaphambili inye wenza iruku, qowma, jalsa kunye neesijda zombini. Ngethuba uphakama kwisijda yesibiniezakuhlala phantsi, ondlala unyawo lwasekhohlo uhlale kulo ngelithuba unyawo lwasekunene lume tse. Beka izandla zozibini emathangeni iiintupha zeminwe zijonge ngaseQibla. Funda u-at-tahiy-yat ukuze xa ufika kumagama **ash-hadu al-laa-ilaaha**, wenze isangqa ngobhontsi nocikicane wesandla sasekunene, uphakamise umnwe wokolatha wolathe ngaphambili. Wuhlise xa ufika kumagama **illallah** ukuze sona isangqa sihlale njalo ude uyokuphela umthandazo.

Ukuba ngumthandazo oneeRakaat ezimbini, emva kwe tashah-hud umntu ufunda idurood kunye ne dua emva koko wenze isalaam kuqala ngasekunene kulandele ngasekhohlo, ukuba ngumthandazo onee rakaat ezintathu okanye ezine emva ko at-tahiy-yat akuyifundi idurood sharief kwi qa'da yokuqala koko uyaphakama usithi **Allahu Akbar**. Funda u bismillah kunye nosura fatiha kodwa akudibanisi isura ngaphandle

kokuba uthandaza umthandazo oyisunnat okanye inafl, kuba kuyo isura iyadityaniswa kwi rakaat yesithathu nakweye sine.

THANAA

سُبْحَانَكَ اللَّهُمَّ وَبِحَمْدِكَ وَتَبَارَكَ اسْمُكَ وَتَعَالَى جَدُّكَ
وَلَا إِلَهَ غَيْرُكَ

SUB-HAANA KAL-LAHUMMA WABIHAM-DIKA
WATABAARAKAS-MUKA WATA'ALA JAD-DUKA WALAA
ILAAHA GHAYRUK

Uzuko malube nawe –owu Allah, iindumiso zonke mazibe kuwe. Igama lakho lisikelelekile kwaye ubungangamsha bakho buphakamile kwaye akukho wumbi ofanelwe ukukhonzwwa ngaphandle kwakho

TA-OWWUZ

أَعُوذُ بِاللَّهِ مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ

AOOZU BILLAHI MINASH-SHAYTAANIR RAJEIM

Ndicela ukukhuselwa ngu-Allah kusathana oqalekisiweyo

TASMIYA

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

BISMILLAHIR-RAMAANIR-RAHIEM

Egameni lika Allah onenceba nemfesane

SURA FATIHA

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ❁ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ ❁ مَالِكِ يَوْمٍ
الَّدِينِ ❁ إِيَّاكَ نَعْبُدُ وَإِيَّاكَ نَسْتَعِينُ ❁ إِهْدِنَا الصِّرَاطَ
الْمُسْتَقِيمَ ❁ صِرَاطَ الَّذِينَ أَنْعَمْتَ عَلَيْهِمْ ❁ غَيْرِ
الْمَغْضُوبِ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا الضَّالِّينَ ❁ أَمِينٌ

AL-HAMDULILLAHI RAB-BIL AALAMIEN. AR-RAHMAANIR-RAHIEM. MAALIKI YOWMID-DIEN. IY-YAKA NA'BUDU WA IY-YAKA NASTAIEN. IH-DINAS-SIRAATAL MUSTAQIEM. SIRAATAL-LAZIENA AN-AMTA ALYHIM.GHAYRIL MAGHDOOBI ALAYHIM WALAD-DAAL-LIEN .AAMEEN.

Udumo malube ku Allah, inkosi yezizwe zonke. Onenceba nemfesane, ikumkani yemini yomgwebo. Sikhonza wena wedwa, kuwe wedwa sicela

uncedo, sibonise indlela ethe tye. Indlela yabo wabanika isenzelelelo.
Ingeyiyo (indlela) yabo bafumana ingqumbo yakho nabo balahlekileyo.

Aameen

SURAH IKHLAAS

قُلْ هُوَ اللَّهُ أَحَدٌ ﴿۱﴾
اللَّهُ الصَّمَدُ ﴿۲﴾ لَمْ يَلِدْ وَلَمْ يُوْلَدْ
وَلَمْ يَكُنْ لَّهٗ كُفُواً أَحَدٌ ﴿۳﴾

QUL HUWAL-LAAHU AHAD. ALLAHUS-SAMAD .LAM YALID.
WALAM YOOLAD. WALAM YAKULLAHU KUFUWAN AHAD

*Yithi (owu Muhammad) yena ungu-Allah, mnye. u-Allah
akaxhomekekanga ntweni. Akazalils i kwaye akazelwanga kwaye akukho
namnye ofana naye.*

ITASBIEH YERUKU

سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيِّ الْعَظِيمِ

SUB HAANA RABBIYAL AZIEM

Uzuko malube ku-Allah oyena mkhulu

TASMEE

سَمِعَ اللَّهُ لِمَنْ حَمَدَهُ

SAMI-ALLAHU LIMAN HAMIDAHU

U-Allah uyamphulaphula lowo umdumisayo

TAHMIED

رَبَّنَا وَلَكَ الْحَمْدُ

RABBANA WALAKAL HAMD

Owu Allah wethu lonke udumo lolwakho

ITASBIEH YESIJDA

سُبْحَانَ رَبِّيَ الْأَعْلَى

SUB-HAANA RABBIYAL A'LA

Uzuko malube kumdali wam ophakakamileyo

AT-TAHIY-YATU

التَّحِيَّاتُ لِلَّهِ وَالصَّلَوَاتُ وَالطَّبِيَّاتُ ، السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكَ
 أَيُّهَا النَّبِيُّ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهُ ، السَّلَامُ عَلَيْنَا وَعَلَى عِبَادِ
 اللَّهِ الصَّالِحِينَ ، أَشْهُدُ أَنَّ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَأَشْهُدُ أَنَّ
 مُحَمَّدًا عَبْدُهُ وَرَسُولُهُ

AT-TAHIY-YATU LILLAHI WAS-SALAWAATU WAT-YAY-
 YIBAATU ASSALAMU ALAYKA AY-YUHAN-NABIEYU
 WARAH MATULLAAHI WABARAKAATUHU. ASSALALAMU
 ALAYNA WA-ALAA IBAADIL-LAAHIS-SAALIHIEN ASH-HADU
 AL-LAA ILAAHA ILL-LLAHU WA-ASH-HADU AN-NA
 MUHAMMADAN AB-DUHU WARASOOLUH

*Lonke unqulo oluthethwayo, olomzimba nolwemali lwenzelwa u-Allah.
 Uxolo, inceba kune neentsikelelo mazibe nawe owu mprofethi, kwaye
 inceba ka-allah neentsikelelo zakhe inga zinga nathi nabo bonke
 abakhonzi abakholiweyo baka-Allah. Ndiyangqina akukho namnye
 ofanelwe ukunqulwa ngaphandle kuka-Allah kwaye ndiyangqina ukuba
 uMuhammad sallallahu alayhi wasallam sisicaka nomthunywa wakhe*

DUROOD IBRAHIEM

اللَّهُمَّ صَلِّ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَّعَلَى أَلِيْلِ مُحَمَّدٍ كَمَا صَلَّيْتَ

عَلَى إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَعَلَى أَلِيْلِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ إِنَّكَ حَمِيدٌ مَجِيدٌ

اللَّهُمَّ بَارِكْ عَلَى مُحَمَّدٍ وَّعَلَى أَلِيْلِ مُحَمَّدٍ كَمَا بَارَكْتَ

عَلَى إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَعَلَى أَلِيْلِ إِبْرَاهِيمَ إِنَّكَ حَمِيدٌ مَجِيدٌ

ALLAHUMA SALLI ALAA MUHAMMAD WA-ALAA -AALI MUHAMMAD KAMAA SAL-LAYTA ALA IBRAHIEMA WA-ALAA AALI IBRAHIEMA IN-NAKA HAMIEDUM-MAJIED. ALLAHUMMA BAARIK ALAA MUHAMMAD WA-ALAA AALI MUHAMMAD KAMAA BAARAKTA ALAA IBRAHIEMA WA-ALAA AALI IBRAHIEMA IN-NAKA HAMIEDUM-MAJIED.

Owu Allah thumela inceba yakho kuMuhammad nakusapho luka Muhammad njengoko wayithumelayo inceba yakho ku-ibrahiem nakusapho luka- Ibrahiem, ngaphandle kwamathandabuzo wena umkhulu kwayeufanelwe ukudunyiswa. Owu Allah thumela iintsikelelo zakho kuMuhammad nakusapho luka Muhammad njengoko wathi wasikelela u-Ibrahiem nosapho lwakhe. Ngaphandle kwamathandabuzo wena umkhulu kwaye ufanelwe ukudunyiswa.

DUA

رَبَّنَا أَتِنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَّفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَّقِنَا
عَذَابَ النَّارِ

RAB-BANAA AATINAA FID-DUNYA HASANATOW WA FIL-AAKHIRATI HASANATOW WAQINAA AZAABAN-NAAR

Owu mdali wethu: sinike okulungileyo apha emhlabeni kwaye usinike okulungileyo kwixesha elizayo (emazulwini) kwaye usisindise kumlilo wesihogo

SALAAM

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ

ASSALAAMU ALAYKUM WARAHMATULLAHI

Inga uxolo nenceba kaAllah inganani

IZINTO EZENZIWA EMVA KOMTHANDAZO

1) Ukuthi Astaghfirullaah kube kathathu.

2) Ukufunda le dua ilandelayo:

اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ السَّلَامُ وَمِنْكَ السَّلَامُ ، تَبَارَكَتْ يَاذَا
الْجَلَالِ وَالْإِكْرَامِ

ALLAHUMMA ANTAS-SALAAM WAMIN-KA S-SALAAM
TABAARAKTA YAA ZHAAL-JALAALI WAL-IKRAAM

*Owu Allah nguwe onika uxolo kwaye uxolo luvela kuwe wedwa. Wena
ungcwele kakhulu, owu nkosi yentlonipheko nozuko*

3) Ukufunda nalena dua:

اللَّهُمَّ أَعِنَا عَلَى ذِكْرِكَ وَشُكْرِكَ وَحُسْنِ عِبَادَتِكَ

ALLAHUMMA A-INNA ALAA ZIK-RIKA WASHUK-RIKA
WAHUSNI IBAADATIK

*Owu Allah sincede ekukhumbuleni wena nasekubuleleni wena kwaye
sincedise ekufezekiseni ukunqula wena*

4) Funde nale dua:

اللَّهُمَّ لَا مَانِعَ لِمَا أَعْطَيْتَ وَلَا مُعْطِيَ لِمَا مَنَعْتَ وَلَا
يَنْفَعُ ذَا الْجَدِّ مِنْكَ الْجَدُّ

ALLAHUMMA LAA MAANI-A LIMA A'TAYTA WALAA
MU'TIYA LIMAA MANA'TA WALAA YANFA-U ZHAL-JADD
MIN-KAL JADD

*Owu Allah: akukho onokubamba into ofuna ukuyinikezela kwaye
akukho onokunika lonto wena ufuna ukuyibamba kwaye akukho butyebi
bunokusindisa umnikazi wabo kuwe*

5) Ukufunda I-ayatul kursi kubekanye emva kweFardh yeFajr ne-Asr
ukuze kweminye imithandazo emithathu eseleyo uyifunde emva
kweeSunnat.

AYATUL KURSI

اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ ، لَا تَأْخُذُهُ سِنَةٌ وَلَا نَوْمٌ
، لَهُ مَا فِي السَّمَاوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ ، مَنْ ذَا الَّذِي
يَشْفَعُ عِنْدَهُ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِهِ ، يَعْلَمُ مَا بَيْنَ أَيْدِيهِمْ وَمَا
خَلْفَهُمْ ، وَلَا يُحِيطُونَ بِشَيْءٍ مِّنْ عِلْمِهِ إِلَّا بِمَا شَاءَ ،
وَسِعَ كُرْسِيُّهُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ ، وَلَا يَغُوْدُهُ حِفْظُهُمَا
، وَهُوَ الْعَلِيُّ الْعَظِيمُ ،

ALLAHU LA AILAAHA ILA-LAAHUALHAY-YUL QAY-YUM
LA TA'KHUZHUHU SINATUW'WALAA NOWM.LAHU MAA
FIS'SAMAAWATI WAMAA FIL-ARD.MAN ZHAL-LAZHI YASH-
FA-U IN-DAHU IL-LAA BI-IZH-NIH. YA'LAMU MAA BAYNA

AYDIEHIM WAMAA KHALFAHUM,WALAA YUHIETUNA
 BISHAY-IM-MIN IL-MIHI IL-LAA BIMAA SHAA-A,WASI-A
 KURSIY-YUHUS-SAMAAWATI WAL-ARD WALAA YA-UDUHU
 HIFZHU-HUMAA WAHUWAL-ALIY-YUL AZIEM.

*Allah: akukho wumbi ofanelwe ukukhonzwa khwakhe, uyaphila,
 unguumxhasi wento yonke, akozeli kwaye akalali. Yonke into
 esemhlabeni nasemazulwini yeyakhe. Ngubani onokuthi athandazele
 kuye ngaphandle kwemvume yakhe? Yena wazi izinto eziphambi kwabo
 nezinto ezisemva kwabo, kwaye bona abakwazi ukuqonga nayiphina
 into ekulwazi lwakhe ngaphandle kwalomthandazo athe wafuna (ukuba
 bawazi). iTrone (Kursi) yakhe ingqonge onke amazulu nomhlaba kwaye
 akumdini ukuwakhusela kwaye, kwaye inqanaba lakhe liphezulu kwaye
 mkhulu.*

- 6) Emva koko uthi Sub-haanallah-Uzuko malube kuAllah, Kube kayi33.
 Ukuthi Alhamdulillah-udumo malube ku-Allah kube kayi33. Ukuthi
 Allahu Akbar-u Allah mkhulu.

UMTHANDAZO WEWITR

Umthandazo we witr uneerakaat ezintathu kwaye uthandazwa njengeminye imithandazo yesiqhelo umahluko ungaka kuphela,ukuba uthandaza iirakaat ezimbini, ukuze ngelithuba uphakama kwiQa'da (hlala phantsi) yokuqala ekubeni ufunde usura faatiha nenye isura uphakamisa izandla ngelixesha usithi Allahu Akbar zilungelelane neendlebe wokugqiba usonge izandla ufunde idua-e-Qunoot ngelizwi eliphantsi.

IDUA-E-QUNOOT

أَللَّهُمَّ إِنَا نَسْتَعِينُكَ ، وَنَسْتَغْفِرُكَ ، وَنُؤْمِنُ بِكَ ،
 وَنَتَوَكَّلُ عَلَيْكَ ، وَنُثْنِي عَلَيْكَ الْخَيْرَ ، وَ نَشْكُرُكَ ،
 وَلَا نَكْفُرُكَ ، وَنَخْلُعُ وَنَتْرُكُ مَن يَفْجُرُكَ ، أَللَّهُمَّ إِيَّاكَ
 نَعْبُدُ ، وَلَكَ نُصَلِّي وَنَسْجُدُ ، وَإِلَيْكَ نَسْعَى وَنَحْفِدُ ،
 وَنَرْجُو رَحْمَتَكَ ، وَنَخْشَى عَذَابَكَ ، إِنَّ عَذَابَكَ
 بِالْكُفَّارِ مُلْحِقٌ

ALLAHUMMA INA-NAA NASTA-JENUKA
 WANASTAGHFIRUKA WANU'MINU BIKA WANATAWAK-
 KALU ALAYKA WANUTH-NIE ALAYKAL-KHAYR WANASH-
 KURUKA WALAA NAK-FURUKA WANAKH-LA-U WANAT-
 RUKU MAY-YAF-JURUKA ALLAHUMMA IY-YAAKA
 NA'BUDU WALAKA NUSAL-LIE WANAS-JUDU WA-ILAYKA
 NAS-A WANAH-FIDU.WANAR-JU RAHMATAKA WANAKH-
 SHAA AZHAABA KA IN-NA AZHAABA KA BIL-KUFFAAR
 MULHIQ.

*Ow Allah sicela uncedo lwakho kwaye sicela ukuxolelw
 nguwe.siyakholwa kuwe kwaye sithembele kuwe. Siyakudumisa ngako
 konke okulungileyo. Siyakubulela kwaye asibi ngabinambulelo kuwe.
 Siyazikhwebula kwaye siyabaphepha bonke abo bangakuthobeliyo. Owu*

Allah sinqula wena wedwa kwaye sithandaza wena wedwa, kwaye siqubuda kuwe. Sibalekela kuwe kwaye siyazinikezela. Sinehemba lenceba yakho, kwaye soyika isohlwayo sakho, kuba ngokuqinisekileyo isohlwayo sakho siyakugubungela abahedeni.

Ekubeni ugqibile ukufunda idua-e-qunoot wenza iruku nezinye izinto (ezijenge qowma, Sajda nejalsa) uyahlala phantsi ufunde u-at-tahiya-yat, durood sharief kunya nedua ube sele usenza iSalaam. (*Durrul Mukhtaar*) Kuyinto emustahab ukufunda lamagama alandelayo emva komthandazo wewitr:

سُبْحَانَ الْمَلِكِ الْقُدُّوسِ

SUB-HAANAL -MALIKIL QUOOOS

(Mishkaat)

Uzuko malube koyena kumkani ungcwele.kube kathathu

رَبُّنَا وَرَبُّ الْمَلَائِكَةِ وَالرُّوحِ

RAB-BUNA WARAB-BUL MALAA-IKATI WAR-ROOH

Mdali wethu nomdali weengelosi nogabriyeli. Kube kanye

(Dar-e-Qutni)

Ukufunda idua e-Qunoot kwiwit kuyimfuneko (wajib). Ukuba umntu akayazi (idua –e-Qunoot) kufuneka afunde le dua ilandelayo kwindawo yedua –e-Qunoot:

رَبَّنَا أَتَنَا فِي الدُّنْيَا حَسَنَةً وَّفِي الْآخِرَةِ حَسَنَةً وَّقِنَا

عَذَابَ النَّارِ

RAB-BANAA AATINAA FID-DUNYA HASANATOW WA FIL-AAKHIRATI HASANATOW WAQINAA AZAABAN-NAAR

Owu mdali wethu: sinike okulungileyo apha emhlabeni kwaye usinike okulungileyo kwixesha elizayo (emazulwini) kwaye usisindise kumlilo wesihogo

(Raddul Mukhtaar)

Okanye usenokufunda la magama:

يَارَبِّ يَارَبِّ يَارَبِّ

YAA RABBI YAA RABBI YAA RABBI

Ukuba umntu uthe walibala waya kwi ruku, akuyomfuneko ukuba abuye aphinde eme afunde idua -e-Qunoot koko kufuneka agqibezele umthandazo ukuze ekugqibeleni enze isijda sihwu.Kwinyanga yeRamadaan iwitr yenzowi emva kokugqitywa komthandazo weTaraweeh, kwaye nayo iwitr ithandazwa ngokudibeneyo (jamaat).

IIMEKO UMTHANDAZO WEJUMA OXHOMEKEKE KUZO

Ijuma ithi inyanzeleke ukuba ezimeko zilandelayo zithe zafumaneka:

- 1) Ukuba sempilweni.

- 2) Ukuba ngumntu okhululekileyo.
- 3) Ukuba yidolophi okanye isixeko esikhulu apha uhlala khona.
- 4) Ukuba yindoda.
- 5) Ukuba uphilile ngokwasengqondweni nokuba ube ufikisile.
- 6) Ukungabi sisilima okanye imfama.
- 7) Ukuba lixesha leZuhr.
- 8) Ukwenziwa kweKhutba.
- 9) Ukubakho kwejamaat (ubuncinane abantu abathathu ngaphandle kweimaam.

Ukuqaba isiqholo (atar) nokunxiba impahla entle ngemini yejuma kuMustahab. Ukuyeka ukushishina nge-azaan yokuqala uye eMasjid kuwaajib. Ingathi yenziwe i-azaan yesibini i-imaam iyaphakama yenze ikhutba, kufuneka abantu bathule bathi cwaka bamamele ikhutba. Ngelithuba i-imaam inikezela ikhutba akuvumelekanga ukuthetha ukuthandaza, ukufunda idurood shareef, itasbbeeh kunye naluphi na uhlobo lwezikr. Ngalo lonke ixesha akufuneki uphoswe ngumthandazo wejuma, kuba ugxininiswe kakhulu kwihadith. URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallamwathi: Lo mntu uthi aphose umthandazo we juma lo mntu abhalwe ukuba ngumhanahanisi kwincwadi engasokuze icinywe nokuba itshintshwe. Kodwa ukuba uthe wenza itowba waza u-Allah ngeemfefe zakhe amxolele leyo iyakuba yenye into. Ngolwesihlanu kukho ixesha aphoukuba iMuslim ithe yenza idua ngokuqinisekileyo iyakuthi yamnkelwe. (*Bukhari*)

Elo xesha kusenokwenzeka ukuba lixesha eliphambi kokutshona kwelanga ngolwesihlanu. Ngokuthi ufunde idurood ngolwesihlanu ufumana umvuzo omninzi kunezinye imini. UmProfethi uMuhammad sallallahu alayhi wasallamwathi: Ngale mini thumela idurood eninzi kum kuba yona ithunyelwa kum ngalo mhla. (*Ibn Majah*)

Lo Muslim ithi isweleke ngemini yejuma okanye ubusuku bayo lo Muslim iyakuthi ikhuseleke kwisohlwayo sasemangcwabeni. (*Tirmidhi*)

UMTHANDAZO WETARAWEEH

Ngenyanga yeRamadaan ukuthandaza iiRakaat eziyi20 zeTaraweeh emadodeni nasebafazini kuyiSunnat Muakkadah. (*Durrul Mukhtaar*) Ukwenza iTaraweeh niyiJamaat emadodeni kuyiSunnat Kifaayah. (*Durrul Mukhtaar*) Emva kweFardh neeSunnat ze-Esha wenza iNiyyat yokuba ndenza iiRakaat ezimbini eziyiSunnat zeTaraweeh. Ukuze emva kweeRakaat ezine umntu usenokuhlala phantsi athi cwaka okanye afunde iKurani okanye afunde itasbeeh yetaraweeh.

ITASBEEH YETARAWEEH

سُبْحَانَ ذِي الْمُلْكِ وَالْمَلْكُوتِ ، سُبْحَانَ ذِي الْعِزَّةِ
 وَالْعَظَمَةِ وَالْهَمِيَّةِ وَالْقُدْرَةِ وَالْكِبْرِيَاءِ وَالْجَبَرُوتِ ، سُبْحَانَ
 الْمَلِكِ الْحَيِّ الَّذِي لَا يَمُوتُ ، سُبْحَوْنَ قُدُّوسُنَّ رَبِّنَا وَرَبِّ
 الْمَلَائِكَةِ وَالرُّوحِ ، أَللَّهُمَّ أَجِرْنَا مِنَ النَّارِ ، يَا مُحِيمِرُ يَا
 مُحِيمِرُ يَا مُحِيمِرُ

SUB-HAANA ZHIL-MULK WAL-MALAKOOT SUB-HAANA
 ZHIL-IZZATI WAL-AZHMATI WAL-HAYBATI WALQUD-RATI
 WAL-KIB-RIYAA-I WAL-JABAROOTI SUB-HAANAL-MALIKIL-
 HAY-YIL-LAZHIE LAA YAMOOTU SUB-BOOHUN QUD-
 DOOSUN RAB-BUNAA WARABBUL-MALAA-IKATI WAR-
 ROOHI ALLAHUMMA AJIR-NAA MINAN-NAAR YAA MUJIERU
 YAA MUJIERU YAA MUJIERU

Makuzukiswe u-Allah, yena ungumnikazi wobukumnkani bonke. Uzuko malube kulowo uhloniphekileyo mkhulu owoyikekayo onamandla nobungangamsha. Makuzukiswe lowo uyikumnkani ephilayo engasokuze isweleke yena ufanelwe ukuzukiswa. Umdali wethu neengelosi kuquka nogabriyeli uncwele. Owu Allah sisindise esihogweni owu msindisi owu msindisi owu msindisi.

UMTHANDAZO WE-EID

I-Eid ekhoyo emva kweRamadhaan ibizwa ngokuba yi Eidul-fitr, ukuze leyo ithi ibekhona ngomhla weshumi weZhilhijja ibizwe ngokubayi Eidul-Ad-haa.Umthandazo wezi eid zombini uWajib kwabo bantu iJuma iFardh kubo ,kwaye zonke ezo zinto umthandazo weJuma uxhomekeke kuzo, umthandazo we-Eid nawo uxhomekeke kuzo kodwa umthandazo we-Eid wona awuxhomekekanga kwiKhutba koko Ikhutba iyiSunnat kwi-eid,kwaye yenziwa emva komthandazo endaweni yokuba ibe phambi komthandazo.

IISUNNAT NGEMINI YE-EID

- 1) Ukuvuka ekuseni ngemini ye-Eid.
- 2) Ukusebenzisa imiswaak.
- 3) Ukuhlamba umzimba.

- 4) Ukunxiba impahla entle.
- 5) Ukukama iinwele nokuthambisa amafutha ezinweleni.
- 6) Ukuqaba isiqholo.
- 7) Ukutya idates phambi kokuya kwi-Eidul-Fitr nokuba utye inyama emva kwesalaat kwi-eidul adhaa.
- 8) Ukubhatala isadaqatul-fitri phambi kokuya kwi-Eidgah.
- 9) Ukuya kwi-Eidgah kuseli thuba.
- 10) Ukuya ngenyawo kwi-Eidgah.
- 11) Ukuya kwi-eidgah ngenye indlela ubuye ngenye indlela.
- 12) Ukuthandaza i-eid salaat kwi-Eidgah.
- 13) Ukufunda itakbeer endleleni eyayo nasendleleni ebuyayo, ngelizwi eliphantsi kwi-Eidul fitr ukuze uyifunde ngelizwi eliphezulu kwi-Eidul adhaa.

TAKBEER YILE ILANDELAYO

اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ
وَاللَّهِ الْحَمْدُ

ALLAHU AKBAR ALLAHU AKBAR LAA ILAAHA IL-LAL-
LAAHU WAL-LAAHU AKBAR ALLAHU AKBAR WALIL-
LAAHIL-HAMD

INDLELA YOKUTHANDAZA IMITHANDAZO YEE-EID ZOMBINI

Umthandazo we-eid uneeRakaat ezimbini, akukho azaan kwaye akukho iqaamat.

Yenza le niyyat ilandelayo ngelithuba ujunge ngaseQibla.

Ndenza le iirakaat ezimbini eziWajib ze-eid ezine Takbeer ezintandathu ezongezelekileyo sijonge ngase Qibla. Emva koko uthi Allahu Akbar, usonge izandla ezantsi kwenkaba. Funda i-Thanaa. Phakamisa izandla zilungelelane neendlebe, uthi Allahu Akbar wogqiba izandla uziyeke emacaleni. Kwakho phakamisa izandla uthi Allahu Akbar uziyeke emacaleni izandla, okwesithathu uphakamisa izandla uthi Allahu Akbar kwelityeli uyazisonga izandla ezantsi kwenkaba. I-Imaam ifunda uaoozhu no bismil-laah ngelizwi eliphantsi, iqalise Iqiraat kaSurah faatiha nesurah, kwenziwe iruku nesujood njalo ibe igqibekile iRakaat yokuqala njengesiqhelo. Ekubeni uphakamele irakaat yesibini i-imaam iqala ngokufunda usurah faatiha kulandele enye isura kwakhona kwelityeli abalandeli bathule abafundi nto. Ekubeni i-imaam igqibile ukufunda isurah kwi rakaat yesibini kwakhona ezinye iTakbeer ezintathu njenge rakaat yokuqala ziyafundwa njengoko bekwenziwe kwirakaat yokuqala, kwiTakbeer yesine ngaphandle kokuphakamisa izandla uya kwiruku. Intsalela yomthandazo igqityezelwa njengeminye imithandazo ekuggibeleni kwenziwe idua. Emva komthandazo i-imaam yenza iikhutba ezimbini ekuyimfuneko ukuba abantu bazimamelisise.

TAKBEER TASHREEQ

Kuyimfuneko kubahlali basedolophini, emaphandleni amadoda okanye abafazi, angabahlali okanye abahambiukuba bayifunde le takbeer kube

kanye ngoko nangokoemva kwemithandazo eFardh, ukususela ngeFajr yomhla wesithoba kwiZhulhijjahuyokutsho nge Asr yomhla weshumi elinesithathu kwiZhulhijjah. Amadoda kufuneka ayifunde ngelizwi eliphezulu abafazi bona ngelizwi eliphantsi. Ukuba i-imaam ilibele ukufunda le Takbeer abalandeli bayo kufuneka bayikhumbuze ngokuthi bafunde le Takbeer bangalindeli i-imaam.

AMAGAMA ETAKBEER TASHREEQ

الله أَكْبَرُ اللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ
وَلِلَّهِ الْحَمْدُ

ALLAHU AKBAR ALLAHU AKBAR LAA ILAAHA ILLAL-
LAAHU WALLAHAU AKBAR ALLAHU AKBAR WALIL-LAAHIL
HAMD

UMTHANDAZO NILIBANDLA

Umthandazo ofardh uvumelekile ukuba uwuthandaze wedwa okanye nilibandla. Kodwa kufuneka amadoda azame kakhulu ukuba athandaze elibandla. Ngokoluvo lwezinye i-Ulama ukuthandaza nilibandla emadodeni kuyimfuneko. URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam azange afane aphose ukuthandaza nebandla kuquka nangelo xesha wayegula kakhulu engakwazi ukuzihambela yedwa, wayesiza emasjid encediswa ngabantu ababini khona ukuze azokuthandaza nebandla. KwiHadith kuthiwa umthandazo othandazwe nebandla unomvuzo ophindaphindeke kayi27 xa uwuthelekisa nomthandazo owuthandaze

wedwa. Hazrat Abu Hurayrah radiallahu anhu uchaza athi uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi: “Ndinenjongo yokuba ndicele umntu ukuba aqokelele inkuni, emva koko ndiyalele omnye umntu ukuba enze i-azaan ndichonge omnye umntu ukuba akhokele umthandazo, ndakugqiba ndiye kwizindlu zabo bangezanga kuthandaza nebandla ndizitshise.” (*Mishkaat*)

UMTHANDAZO WOMNGCWABO

Injongo yejanaazah namaaz kukuqinisekisa ukuba amaMuslim akamphosaninsi ugxa wawo nedua eluncedo nasemva kokuba eswelekile, khona ukuze lo mhambi uya kwi- akhirat lo mphako wedua elungileyo uzokumnceda kweli hambo lunzima. Ukudibana kwamakhholwa ethethelela lowo uswelekileyo kuzisainceba ka-Allah kulowo uswelekileyo. Ngokuyinyani ijanaazah namaaz kukungxengxezela ku-Allah lowo uswelekileyo. (*Ibn Majah*)

INDLELA YOKUTHANDAZA IJANA AZAH NAMA AZ

Umntu oswelekileyo umzimba wakhe ubekwa phambi kwebandla, yona i-imaam ime ngokulungelelene nesifuba somfi. (*Bukhari, Muslim*) Abalandeli bona bema imigca emva kwe-imaam. Iniyyat yenziwa ngolu hlobo ngabantu abasemva kwe-imaam: Ndinenjongo yokwenza le janaazah namaaz njenge dua kulowo uswelekilyo emva kwale imaam.

Phakamisa izandla zilungelelane neendlebe usithi Allahu Akbar usonge izandla ezantsi kwenkaba. Funda iThanaa, Emva koko funda iTakbeer ngaphandle kokuphakamisa izandla wokugqiba funda idurood -e-ebraiem. Emva koko funda itakbeer okwesithathu ube sele ufunda ledua ilandelayo umfi iyindoda okanye ingumfazi ukuba ngumntu omdala:

أَللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لِحَيْنَا وَمَيْتِنَا وَشَاهِدِنَا وَغَائِبِنَا ، وَصَغِيرِنَا
وَكَبِيرِنَا ، وَذَكْرِنَا وَأَنْشَانَا ، أَللَّهُمَّ مَنْ أَحْيَيْتَهُ مِنَّا فَأَحْيِهِ
عَلَى الْإِسْلَامِ ، وَمَنْ تَوَفَّيْتَهُ مِنَّا فَتَوَفَّهُ عَلَى الْإِيمَانِ

ALLAHUMMAGH-FIR LIHY-YINAA WAMAY-YITINAA
WASHAAHIDINAA WAGHAA-IBANA WASAGHIERINAA
WAKABIERINAA WAZAKARINAA WA-UNTHAA-NAA
ALLAHUMMA MAN AHYAY-TAHU MIN-NAA FA-AHYIHIE
ALAL-ISLAAM WAMAN TAWAF-FAYTAHU MIN-NAA
FATAWAF-FAHU ALAL-IEMAAN

*Owu Allah xolela bonke bonke abo baphilayo kuthi nabo baswelekleyleyo,
abo bakhoyo nabo bangekhoyo, abadala nabancinci, amadoda
nabafazi. Owu Allah nawuphi na ophilayo kuthi menze aphile ene-islam
ukuze abo bazakusweleka ubenze basweleke ne-iemaan.*

**Ukuba umthandazo womngewabo ngowomntwana oyikwekwe
engekafikisi funda le dua ilandelayo:**

أَللَّهُمَّ اجْعَلْنَا فَرَطًا وَاجْعَلْنَا أَجْرًا وَذُخْرًا وَاجْعَلْنَا
لَنَا شَافِعًا وَمُشَفَّعًا

ALLAHUMAJ-ALHU LANAA FARATOW WAJ-ALHU LANAA
AJ-ROW WAZUKH-ROW WAJ-ALHU LANAA SHAAFI-OW
WAMUSHAF-FA-AA

Owu Allah yenza lo mntwana uyikwekwe abe ngungqaa phambili wokulungileyo wethu, menze umvuzo nomphako wokulungileyo wethu, kwaye umenze umthethetheleli wethu yena ukuthethethelela kwakhe kuyakuthi kwamnkeleke.

Ukuba oswelekileyo ngumntwana oyintombazana ongekafiki sifunda le dua ilandelayo:

اللَّهُمَّ اجْعِلْنَا فَرَطًا وَاجْعِلْنَا لَنَا أَجْرًا وَدُخْرًا
وَاجْعِلْنَا لَنَا شَافِعَةً وَمُشَفَّعَةً

ALLAHUMMAJ –ALHAA LANAA FARATOW-WAJ-ALHAA
LANAA AJROW-WAZUKH-ROW-WAJ-ALHAA LANAA SHAIFI-
ATOW WAMUSHAF-FA-AH

Owu Allah yenza lo mntwana uyintombazana unqaa phambili wokulungileyo wethu, menze umvuzo nomphako wasemoyeni wethu kwaye umenze umthethelikazi ukuthethethelela kwakhe kuyakuthi kwamnkeleke.

Emva koko funda itakbeer okwesine ube sele usenza iSalaam macala. (*Durre-Mukhtaar, Alamgeer*) IDua ethe yafundwa kumthandazo womngcwabo yenzelwa lowo uswelekileyo. Akuyomfuneko ukuba kwensiwe enye idua emva kwayo, kengoko ukwenza idua emva koko kuMakrooh Tahreemi.

UMTHANDAZO WOKUNGWCWABA ISIDUMBU SINGEKHO

Akuvumelekanga ukwenza umthandazo womngcwabo isidumbu singekho. Kodwa kuyinto eqinisekisiweyo ukuba uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wenza umthandazo womngcwabo ka Najashi iKumnkani yase Topiya. Kodwa eso senzo yayingesosenzo sokuba senzelwe wonke umntu koko sithathwa njengokuba lelinye la manqwanqwa awodwa ayenikwe uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam.Ngexesha lo Mprofeth sallallahu alayhi wasallam inkitha yamaSahaba yathi yasweleka ezimfazweni nasemadabini kodwa ngaphandle kukaNajashi akukho siqisekiso sokuba waya wathandaza umthandazo womngcwabo umzimba ungekho nakwi Sahabi elinye. Emva koku sweleka kukaRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam akukho namnye kumaKhalifa okanye amaSahaba athi athandaza umthandazo womngcwabo umzimba ungekho.Ziphefumla malunga nomngcwabo kaNajaashi i-Ulama zithi njengom mangaliso yonke imiqobo eyayikho phakathi koMprofethi nomzimba kaNajaashi yasuswa ukuze ke njalo abe wayewubona umzimba kaNajaashi okanye umzimba waye waziswa phambi koRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam.Kulo meko nokuba yeypie eyenzekayo angezi sikwazi ukuthi ngumthandazo womngcwabo umzimba ungekho koko ngumngcwabo wommangaliso.

NAFL NAMAAZ

UMTHANDAZO WETAHAJJUD

Umthandazo weTahajjud ubuncinane ziRakaat ezine okanye iRakaat ezsibhozo ubuninzi ziRakaat ezilishumi elinambini.Ukuba umntu akakwazi nezo zine usenako ukwenza iRakaat ezimbini. (*Raddul-*

Mukhtaar, Alamgeer) Ukuba umntu akakwazi ukuvuka ekuthambekeni kobusuku makathandaze iTahajjud emva kwe Eshaa salaat phambi kwe Witr. Lo mthandazo womnkelekile kakhulu ku-Allah kwaye ngowona mthandazo unomvuzo omkhulu ukogqina yonke eminye imithandazo eNafl. (*Mishkaat*) URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallamwathi: Nyanzelisani eziqwini zenu umthandazo we Tahajjud kuba wawusakuba sisenco sabantu abangaphambili kuni, uliqwili lokusondela ku-Allah kwaye uluncedo ekuzikhwebuleni esonweni, icima izono kwaye ikhupha izifo emzimbeni. (*Suyooti*)

NgeRakaat ezimbini zeTahajjud umntu umvuzo weRakaat ezingamakhulu amabini amawaka nangaphezulu. (*Ibn Hibaan*)

Lo mthetho weTahajjud ukwanjalo nakubafazi kuba nabo bafumana iintsikelelo ezifanayo kunamadoda. (*Mishkaat*)

Kwi Hadith uRasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi: Inga u-Allah anganenceba kulo mfazi uthi avukele iTahajjud ebusuku kwaye avuse nomyeni wakhe khona ukuze naye azokuthandaza iTahajjud. (*Abu Dawood, Nasaa'i*)

Abo bashiya omandlalo babo belambile ebusuku ngenxa yokufuna ukukhonza u-Allah bayakulingena izulu ngaphandle kokuxoxiswa. (*Ashaabus Sunan*)

Lowo uye ayokulala ebusuku enenjongo yokuvukela iTahajjud, uyakufumana umvuzo womthandazo weTahajjud nokuba akakwazanga ukuvuka ebusuku athandaze iTahajjud. Oko kungavuki sisenzelelelo esisuka ku-Allah asinika isicaka. (*Ibn Hibaan*)

ISHRAAQ NAMAAZ

Emva kokuthandaza iFajr salaat hlala phantsi kulo ndawo wenze izikr. Malunga nemizuzu elishumi emva kokuphuma kwelanga yenza iRakaat

ezimbini okanye ezine zomthandazo. Umvuzo awufumanayo ngumvuzo weHajjne-Umrab. Ukuba umntu uthe waxakeka yeminye imisebenzi ebalulekileyo emva kwe Fajr kodwa emva kokuba ilanga liphezulwana athandaze i-Ishraaq namaaz nanjalo kulungile. (*Tirmidhi*)

CHASHT NAMAAZ

Yakuqina imini thandaza iRakaat ezimbini ubuncinane uyokutsho kwishumi elinambini ubuninzi.Umvuzo walomthandazo mkhulu kakhulu kwaye iluphumelele uvavanyo lokuba namandla okususa indlala. (*Mishkaat-e-Tanweer*)

KwiHadith iyavela ukuba lowo uthi athandaze iRakaat ezimbini zomthandazo weChasht asokuze aqukwe kwabo bangakhathaliyo, lowo uthandaza iRakaat ezine uthatyathwa njengomnye wabanqli. Ngokuthandaza iRakaat ezintandathu zonke iinzingo zalo mini ziyanuswa, ukuze lowo uthandaza iRakaat ezsibhozo abhalwe phakathi kwamakholwa, okokugqibela lowo uthandaza iRakaat ezilishumi elinambini uyakuthi akhelwe ipoma lendlu emazulwini. (*Tabraani*)

Ukuba ngenxa yokungabikho kwexesha umntu uthe wathandaza ngokudibeneyo iChasht ne-Ishraaq nanjalo kulungile.

SUNAN ZAWAAL

Kuyinto ethandekayo ukuba uthandaze iRakaat ezine eziNafl phambi kokuthandaza iiSunnat zomthandazo weZuhr. Eli xesha kulapho iingcango zamaazulu zivulwe kakhulu, kwaye umntu ufumana umvuzo wobusuku bonke beTahajjud kwaye wakhelwa ipoma lendlu emazulwini. (*Nasaai, Tabraani*)

OWWABEEN NAMAAZ

Ngumthandazo othandazwa emva kweMaghrib uneRakaat ezine okany ezintandathu uyokutsho kumashumi amabini eRakaat. IHadith ichaza ukuba lowo iRakaat ezintandathu emva kweMaghrib zonke izono zakhe ziyaxolelwa nokuba zilingana namaza aselwandle. (*Tibraani*)

Nawuphi umntu othi athandaze iRakaat ezintandathu emva kweMaghrib ngaphandle kokuba athethe into esisono phakathi kweMaghrib nazo, ezo Rakaat ngokomvuzo ziyakulingana neminyaka elishumi elinambini yokunqula. Lowo uthi athandaze iRakaat ezingamashumi amabini u-Allah uyakumakhela ipoma le ndlu emazulwini. (*Tirmidhi*)

TAHIYYATUL WUZU

URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi: Nawuphi umntu othi enze iwuzu entle emva kokoeme athandazeiRakaat ezimbini emisse ingqondoukufumana izulu kuye kuqinisekisiwe. (*Maraqil Falaah*)

Ngaminazana ithile uRsoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam waya wabuza uBilaal radiallahu anhu, “Ndive izingqi zenyawo zakho ejannat zibonakalisa ukuba uphambi kwam leliphi uhlobo lonqulo olukwenze ufumane elo nqanaba?” UHazrat Bilaal radiallahu anhu waphendula wathi: “Zimbini izinto endizenzayo rhoqo, eyokuqala kukuhlala ndine wuzu xa yophukile ndenze enye, okwesibini ngalo lonke ixesha ndisenza iwuzu entsha ndithandaza iRakaat ezimbini eziyiNafl. (*Bukhari, Muslim*)

TAHIYYATUL MASJID

Lo mthandazo uthandazwa ngengentloniphokwiMasjid kona okuyinyani ibe ikukuhlonipha u-Allah.Xa ungena eMasjid thandaza iRakaat

ezimbini phambi kokuhlala phantsi. Ukuba ngoko nangoko ungena eMasjid uye wathandaza iFardh okanye isunnat lo mthandazo uwuthandazileyo uyakuthabatha indawo yeTahiyyatul Masjid. Umvuzo weTahiyyatulMasjid uyakuwufumana nasekubeni ubungenjongo zokwenza yona. (*Maraaqi-Falaah*)

TAUBAH NAMAAZ

Ekubeni wenze into ephikisanayo neShariah ukwenza iRakaat ezimbini apho emva kwazo uzithobayo ucele u-Allah ukuba akuxolele. Zisole ngesosono uguqukele ku-Allah, kwaye uthembise kwixa elizayo ukuba akuzophinda usenze eso sono, Ngokwenza oku ngenceba zika-Allah uyakusixolela eso sono.

NAMAAZ HAAJAT

KwiHadith kuthiwa nawuphina umntu onemfuno ku-Allah okanye komnye umntu kufuneka athandaze lo mthandazo. U-Allah efuna imfuno yakhe iyakuphunyezwa. (*Tirmidhi*)

Wenziwa ngale ndlela ilandelayo: Yenza iwuzu kakuhle emva koko wenze iRakaat ezimbini zomthandazo. Emva kwazo udumisa u-Allah uthumele neDurood shareef ku Rasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam emva koko ufunde le dua:

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ الْحَلِيمُ الْكَرِيمُ ، سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَرْشِ
 الْعَظِيمِ ، الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ الْعَالَمِينَ ، أَسْأَلُكَ مُوْجَبَاتٍ

رَحْمَتِكَ ، وَعَزَائِيمَ مَغْفِرَتِكَ ، وَالْغَنِيَّمَةَ مِنْ كُلِّ بِرٍّ
 وَالسَّلَامَةَ مِنْ كُلِّ إِثْمٍ ، لَا تَدْعُ لِي ذَنْبًا إِلَّا غَفَرْتَهُ ، وَلَا
 هَمًّا إِلَّا فَرَجَّتَهُ ، وَلَا حَاجَةً هِيَ لَكَ رِضًا إِلَّا قَضَيْتَهَا
 يَا أَرْحَمَ الرَّاحِمِينَ

LAA ILAAHA ILLAL-LAAHUL -HALEEMUL -KAREEM SUB-
 HAANAL-LAAHI RABBIL-ARSHIL AZHEEM
 ALAMDULILLAHI RABBIL-AALAMEEN AS-ALUKA
 MOOJIBAAT I RAHMATIKA WA-AZAA-IMA MAGH FIRATIKA
 WAL -GHANEEMATA MIN KUL-LI BIR-RI WAS-SALAAMATA
 MIN-KUL-LI ITH-MI LAA TADA' LIE ZHAM-BAN IL-LAA
 GHAFAR-TAHU WALAA HAM-MAN IL-LAA FAR-RAJTAHU
 WALAA HAAJATAN HIYA LAKA RIDAN IL-LAA QADAY-
 TAH A YAA AR-HAMAR RAAHIMEEN

Akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonzwa ngaphandle kuka Allah onomonde ozukileyo. U-Allah usulungekile. Uumdali wetrone enkulu, udumo lonke malube ku-Allah umdali wezulu nomhlaba. Ndicela ezo zenzo ziza nenceba noxolelo lwakho, kwaye ndicela inzuko yokulungileyo nokhuseleko ebubini. Nceda ungashiyi nasiphi isono sam ngaphandle kokundixolela, nambandezelo ngaphandle kokuba uzisuse okanye nayiphi imfuno ethandekayo kuwe ngaphandle kokuba uzizalisekise, owu wena ungusoncebakubo bonke abanenceba.
(Mishkaat)

ISTIKHAARA NAMAAZ

Xa umntu enenjongo yokwenza into ebalulekileyo kubalulekile ukuba afune imboniswano namacebiso ku-Allah. Okokufuna imboniswano ibizwa ngokuba yi-Istiskhaara. Ukwenza lonto kugxininiwi kakhulu kwi-HadithSharief. URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wathi: Ukungathathi ngcebiso okanye imboniswano ku-Allah lilishwa elikhulu. Xa uzakutshata, uzakuhamba okanye uzakwenza into evumelekileyo, musa ukuyenza ngaphandle kokwenza i-Istikhaara inshAllah ngokwenza njalo asokuze uzirole kulonto uyakuthi ukhethe ukuyenza. (*Raddul-Mukhtaar*)

Indlela yokwenza lo mthandazo kukuba wenza iwuzu entsha uthandaze iRakaat ezimbini eziyinafl emva koko wenze idua ebonisa ukuba unemvakalelo yokufuna ukuboniswa owumawukukhethe:

أَللّٰهُمَّ خِرِّ لِيْ وَاحْتَرِ لِيْ وَلَا تَكْلِنِي إِلَى احْتِيَارٍ

ALLAHUMMA KHIR-LIE WAKH-TARLIE WALAA TAKIL-NIE
ILAA-IKHTI –YAARIE

*Owu Allah ndikhethele kwaye ndigqibebe, musa ukundiye kela
ekukhetheni kwam. (Mishkaat)*

Ekubeni umntu enze oko kufuneka alandele ekhondweni intliziyoyakhe ekekelela kulo. Ukuba kuyimfuneko umntu angayiphindaphinda amatyeli asixhenxe.

SALAATUT-TASBEEH

Kulo mthandazo umntu ufumana umvuzo ongenasiphelo. URasoolullah sallallahu alayhi wasallam wafundisa umalume wakhe uHazrat Abbas radhiallahu anhu lo mthandazo wathi kuye: Ngokuthi wenze lo mthandazo izono zakho zangoku nezexesha elidlulileyo ezitsha nezidala ezincinci nezikhulu ziyakuxolelwa .kwakho watsho wathi: Ukuba uyakwazi ukuthandaza lo mthandazo yonke imihla yenza njalo, ukuba akukwazi ukuwuthandaza yonke imihla, wuthandaze kubekanye evekini, ukuba noko akukwazi wuthandaze kube kanye enyangeni. Ukuba noko akukwazi wuthandaze kube kanye enyakeni, ukuba noko akukwazi ubuncinane kufuneka uwuthandaze kube kanye ebomini bakho. (*Abu Dawood*)

Indlela yokwenza lo mthandazo yile ilandelayo: Yenza i-niyyat yeRakaat ezine zeSalaatut-Tasbeeh, wenze iTakbeer. Funda iThanaa emva kwayo ufunde le Tasbeeh ilandelayo amatyeli alishumi elinesihlanu:

سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ وَالْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ وَلَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ أَكْبَرُ

**SUB-HAANAL-LAAHI WAL-HAMDU LIL-LAAHI WALAA
ILAAHA IL-LAL-LAAHU WAL-LAAHU AKBAR**

Emva koko funda u-Aoozu, noBismillah, Alhamdu kunye neSurah, phambi kokuba uye kwiRuku ufunda le Tasbeeh ingentla amatyeli alishumi. KwiRuku emva kokufunda uSubhaan rabbiyal azheem kathathu kwakhona funda leTasbeeh kalishumi. Phakama kwiRuku emva kokufunda Urabbana lakal-hamd funda le Tasbeeh kalishumi (ngelithuba ume kwiQowma). KwiSajda yokuqala funda le Tasbeeh kalishumi emva kokufunda Usubhaana rabbiyyal a'la. KwiJalsa yaphakathi kweesijda kwakhona ifundwa kalishumi. KwiSajda yesibini le Tasbeeh ifundwa kalishumi. KwiRakaat yesibini ekubeni umile nkqofunda le Tasbeeh

kalishumi elinesihlanu emva koko iqalise iQiraat njengesiqhelo. Emva kweQiraat phambi kokugobela iRuku funda le Tasbeeh kalishumi, wenze njalo nakwezinye imigomo elandelayo njengokuba ichaziwe kungekudala. IRakaat yesithathu neyesine yenziwa ngokufanayo ngaphandle kokuba kokukuhlala kweTashah-hud zombini ayifundwa Itasbeeh. Ngale ndlela le Tasbeeh ichaziweyo ifundwa amatyeli ayi 75 kwiRakaat nganye, kumthandazo wonke amatyeli ayi 300. (*Tirmidhi, Alamgeer*)

ISTISQAA NAMAAZ

Xa kukho imfuneko yamanzi inganethi imvula kuyiSunnat (ghair muakkada) ukuba kucelwe imvula ku-Allah. Okukucela imvula kukodwa kubizwa ngokuba yi-Istisqaa. (*Hidayah*) Ngokoluvo luka Imaam Abu Hanifah rahmatullahi alayhi, akukho ndlela iqingqiweyo yokwenza i-istisqaa. Kuvumelekile ukuba umntu azithandazele okanye bathandaze belibandla, kwaye kuvumelekile nokwenza i-Istighfaar nedua. Zonke ezindlela zintathu zixhaswa yi hadith. (*Mishkaat*) Indlela yokwenza isalaatul istisqaa yile ilandelayo: Onke amaMuslim kufuneka enze iTowba kwaye azalisekise amalungelo angaphunyezwanga. Kuthatyathwa abantwana abantu abadala kuquka nezilwanyana, kufuneka bahambe ngokuzithoba benganxibanga mbetshe mbetshe ukuya ekuphumeni kwedolophu. Akuvumelekanga ukuhamba nabantu abangakholwayo. Apho bathandaza iRakaat ezimbini belibandla, i-imaam ifunda ikurani ngelizwi eliphezulu ngaphandle kwe-azaan ne – iqaamat. Emva kwezo Rakaat zimbini kufundwa ikhutba ezimbini apho i-imaam nebandla bajonga ngaseQibla benze idua. Kule dua izandla ziyaphakanyiswa ziguqulwe (umphezulu wesandla ujонge phezulu ukuze umphakathi wesandla ujонge ezantsi). Kwenziwa i-istighfaar kucelwe ukuba u-Allah athumele imvula. Ngelithuba iqhuba idua i-imaam iye iyigqwethe ityali yayo umphakathi wayo uba ngaphandle. Lento yenziwa

intsuku ezintathu apho ku mustahab ukuba kuzilwe, kwaye kunikezelwe isadaqa phambi kokuya kwiSalaatul istisqaa. (*Hidaya, Alamgeer*)

UMTHANDAZO XA KUKHO UMNYAMA WELANGA

Xa kukho umnyama welanga kuyiSunnat ukuthandaza iRakaat ezimbini zomthandazo kwaye kunikezelwe isadaqa. Lo mthandazo uthandazwa nilibandla ngaphandle kwe-azaan ne-Iqaamat. Abantu baye baziswe malunga nalo mthandazo ngezinye indlela ngaphandle kwe-azaan.

UMTHANDAZO XA KUKHO UMNYAMA WENYANGA

Xa kukho umnyama wenyanga kuyiSunnat ukuthandaza iRakaat ezimbini zomthandazo, kodwa ningelobandla .Ukuthandaza nilibandla lo mthandazo akuyo Sunnat, koko abantu bazithandazela bodwa ezindlini. Akufuneki bahlangane ngenxa yalonto eMasjid.

NAMAAZ YOMHAMBI (MUSAAFIR)

Umhambi ngokweShariah ngumntu othi aqalise uhambo lwakhe enenjongo zokuhamba umgama omalunga neemayile eziyi 48 (malunga nekhilomitha eziyi77). Nawuphi umntu ohamba ngaphantsi kunalo mgama akathyathwa njengomhambi ngokweShariah, kengoko imithetho yokuba ungumhambi akayifumani njengomthandazo nezinye. Xa umntu ehamba enenjongo yokuhamba imayile eziyi 48okanye ngaphezulu xa egqitha kwimida yedolophu yakhe uye athathyathwe njengomhambi ngokweShariah. Xa engekagqithi kwimida yedolophu akathyathwa njengomhambi. Ukuba isitishi sikaloliwe singaphakathi

kwimida yedolophu siyakuthathyathwa njengenxene yedolophu, kodwa ukuba singaphandle kwemida kwedolophu ngokuthi afike kwimida yedolophu uye athathyathwe njengomhambi ukufika kwakhe esitishini. Umthetho ongundoqo kukuba umhambi kwiZuhr, Asr nakwi Eshaa uthandaza iRakaat ezimbini endaweni yeRakaat yezine. IRakaat ezintathu ze Maghrib neze Witr zihlala zinjalo ngokunjalo iRakaat ezimbini eziFardh zeFajr. Ngalo lonke ixesha uhamba ungenanjongo yakuahlala nakwi yiphi indawo intsuku ezilishumi elinesihlanu okanye ngaphezulu, xa engenanjongo yakuahlala kwindawo ethile uyakuqhubekeka ethathyathwa njengomhambi. Kodwa xa ethe wanenjongo yokuhlala kwindawo ethile intsuku ezilishumi elinesihlanu okanye ngaphezulu lo mntu uyayeka ukuba ngumhambi, kengoko yonke imithandazo uyithandaza ngokupheleleyo. Xa iMusaafir (umhambi) efikelela esigqibeni sokuba uzakuhlala iiintsuku ezingaphantsi kuneshumi elinesihlanu lo mntu uhlala engumhambi. Ukuba umhambi akaqinisekanga ukuba uzakuhlala intsuku ezilishumi elinesihlanu kusini na, kodwa elibazisa ukuhamba kwakhe kuphele ehlala intsuku ezilishumi elinesihlanu okanye ngaphezulu lonke elixesha uyakuqhubekeka ethandaza iQasr (kwiZuhr, Asr ne-Eshaa ukuthandaza irakaat ezimbini). Ukuba umntu usoloko esithi ndiyahamba ngomso okanye kusuku olulandelayo akukhathaliseki nokuba zingaphi intsuku ezigqithileyo kokokuthandabuza kwakhe kufuneka athandaze iQasr ngalo lonke elo xesha. Xa ebuyela ekhaya umhambi xa efika kwimida yedolophu yakhe kufuneka ayithandaze yonke imithandazo yakhe ngokupheleleyo.

UMTHANDAZO WOMNTU OGULAYO

Nokuba umntu uphilile okanye uyagula akuvumelekanga ukuba angathandazi. Ukuba uyakwazi ukuma afunde makenze njalo athandaze. Xa umntu engakwazi ukuma kuvumelekile ukuba ahlale phantsi athandaze. Ngokunjalo iRuku neeSujood zombini nazo angazenza ehleli

phantsi. Xa ehleli phantsi kufuneka agobele iRuku kangangokuba ibunzi lakhe lilungelelane namadolo. Ukuba umntu akakwazi ukuhlala phantsi enze iRuku neSujood, kulo meko kufuneka athandaze engqengqile enze IRuku neSujood ngokubana eqethukisa intloko, kule meko intloko kufuneka iqethuke kakhulu kwiSujood kunakwiRuku. Ukuba umntu akakwazi nokushukumisa intloko khona ukuze athandaze, kwaye ahlale ekulo meko ngaphezulu kunobusuku nemini yabo kulo meko umthandazo uyaxoleleka. Lonto ithetha ukuba ekubeni echachile wafumana amandla akuyomfuneko ukuba ayiphinde lo mithandazo ayiphosileyo, kodwa ukuba le meko iqhubekkeke injalo imini nobusuku kulunyanzelo ukuba lo mithandazo ayiphosileyo ukuba ayiphinde ekubeni ephilile.

UMTHANDAZO WE QADHAA

Unqulo xa luthe lwenziwa ngexesha lalo lubizwa ngokuba yi-Adaa, ukuze unqulo olwenziwe ekubeni liphelile ixesha lalo eliqingqiweyo lubizwe ngokuba yiQadhaa. Ukwenza iQadhaa yomthandazo oFardh kuFardh ukuze ukwenza iQadhaa yomthandazo oWajib kube Wajib, kanti nokwenza iQadhaa yezinye iSunnat kuyiSunnat. Apho umntu axolekileyo ekuthandazeni ukwenza iQadhaa akuyomfuneko. Kusisono esikhulu ukungawuthandazi umthandazo ngexesha lawo eliqingqiweyo uwuyekele ukuba ube yiQadhaa. Kangangoko unako xa uthe umthandazo wayiQadhaa kufuneka ukhawulezise ukwenza iQadhaa, ukuthabatha ixesha kusisono. Ukuba iQadhaa yeFajr ithe yenziwa phambi kweZawaal nayo iSunnat yeFajr yenza iQadhaa yayo, kodwa ukuba yenziwa emva kweZawaal wenza iQadhaa yeFardh yeFajr kuphela. KwiZuhr ne Asr wenza iQadhaa ye Fardh kuphela, ukuze kwiMaghrib iQadhaa yeRakaat ezintathu eziFardh zodwa. Xa usenza iQadhaa ye-Eshaa wenza iQadhaa yeRakaat ezine eziyiFardh kunye neRakaat ezintathu zeWitr. (*Durre-Mukhtaar*) IQadhaa yomthandazo

owuphose useluhambeni uyenza iyiQasr ukuze lowo uwuphose ungekho eluhambeni xa usenza iQadhaa yawo uyithandaza ingumthandazo opheleleyo.

Iniyyat ye qadha a ngolu hlobo: Ndinenjongo yokwenza iQadhaa yeFajr okanye iZuhr yosuku oluthile.Nokuba umntu athi ndenza iQadhaa yeZuhr okanye Fajr nanjalo kulungile. Ukuba umntu uneQadhaa ezininzi mhlawumbi zeveki okanye zenyanga kwaye umntu akasakhumbuli ncakasane usuku, yena angenza iniyyat ngoluhlobo: Ndinenjongo yokwenza iQadhaa yokuqala yazo zonke iFajr endaziphosayo okanye zonke iZuhr endaziphosayo njalo njalo.

SAAHIB-E-TARTEEB

Saheeb-e-Tarreeb ngumntu ongazange aphose mthandazo ukususela wathi wafikisa (baaligh), okanye ukuba wathi waphosa ngaphambilil kodwa wathi wenza iQadhaa yayo. Kumntu onjalo kuWajib kuyimfuneko ukuba athandaze imithandazo yonke ngokulandelelana. (*Durre-Mukhtaar*) Ithetha ukuba umthandazo ute wawuphosa, ngelixesha ungekawuthandazi umthandazo we-Adaa awomnkeleki, kodwa ukuba umntu ulibele ukuthandaza iQadhaa okanye ixesha lifutshane kangangokuba lo mthandazo wangoku nawo ungaggibela uyiQadhaa nawo, kulo meko qala uthandaze umthandazo wangoku (Adaa), iQadhaa ungayenza emva koko. Umntu onemithandazo emithandathu okanye ngaphezulu, akuyomfuneko kuye ukuba imithandazo yakhe ayiphosileyo ukuba ayithandaze ngokulandelelana.Umntu onjalo angayithandaza imithandazo yakhe yeQadhaa ngelohlobo athanda ngalo. Ukuba umntu uphose iWitr akufuneki ayithandaze iFajr ade abe wenze iWitr ayiphosileyo. Nalapha kuyimfuneko ukulandela iTarreeb.

UMAHLUKO PHAKATHI KOMTHANDAZO WAMADODA NAMABHINQA

Indlela yokuthandaza phakathi kwamadoda namabhinqa iphantse yafana, umahluko okhoyo umbalwa ngulo ulandelayo:

- 1) Amadoda xa esenza iTakbeer Tahreema kufuneka azikhuphe izandla phantsi kwetyali, bona abafazi izandla bazigcina phantsi kwetyali okanye iBurqa xa besenza iTakbeer Tahreema.
- 2) Amadoda azisonga ezantsi kwenkaba izandla, kanti abafazi bazibeka esifubeni.
- 3) KwiQiyaama amadoda abamba isihlahla ngocikicane nobhontsi, ekubeni eminye iminwe yoluliwe engalweni. Abafazi bona akufuneki basibambe isihlahla, koko babeka nje umphakathi wesandla sasekunene emva komphakathi wesandla sasekhohlo.
- 4) Amadoda kufuneka agobe ngokupheleleyo kwiRuku, umqolo nentloko kufuneka zilungelelane, kodwa bona abafazi bagoba nje ukuba izandla zikwazi ukufika emadolweni.
- 5) KwiRuku amadoda abamba amadolo ngokuqinisileyo iminwe ithe saa, kodwa abafazi bona babeka nje izandla ezineminye esondeleleneyo emadolweni.
- 6) Ingqiniba zamadoda kufuneka zibe kude emacaleni omzimba xa esenza iRuku, kodwa bona abafazi ingqiniba zabo zithi nca emacaleni esisu sabo.
- 7) KwiSajda amadoda kufuneka isisu nengalo zawo zibekude namathanga kunye namacala omzimba wangasentla, kodwa bona abafazi kufuneka onke la malungu asondelelanelane.
- 8) Ingqiniba zamadoda kufuneka ziphakame emhlabeni xa ekwiSajda, kodwa nengqiniba kubafazi kufuneka bazondlale phantsi.

- 9) Amadoda kwiSajda kufuneka azigcine inyawo zawo zimile tse, inzwane azimilisele phantsi (zijonge ngaseQibla) kodwa abafazi inyawo azibeka bhaxa inzwane zijonge ngasekunene.
- 10) Amadoda xa ehleli phantsi inyawo lasekunene alimisa nqo, kwaye ahlale phezu kwenyawu lasekhohlo elondlalile phantsi. Abafazi bona inyawo zombini bayazondlala phantsi inzwane zijonge ngasekunene impundu zibe phantsi.
- 11) Kubafazi ngalo lonke ixesha bafunda iQuran ngelizwi eliphantsi kodwa amadoda wona ngamanye amaxesha kuWajib ukufunda ngelizwi eliphezulu ngamanye amaxesha ayakhetha phakathi kokufunda kakhulu nokufunda ngelizwi eliphantsi.

SAYYIDUL-ISTIGHFAAR

Lo mntu ufundu le Istighfaar ilandelayo emini aze asweleke phambi kokungena kobusuku okanye ebusuku aze asweleke phambi kokungena kwemini uthenjiswa ngezulu (jannat). (*Mishkaat*)

اللَّهُمَّ أَنْتَ رَبِّي لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ ، حَلْقَتِنِي وَأَنَا عَبْدُكَ ،
وَأَنَا عَلَى عَهْدِكَ وَوَعْدِكَ مَا اسْتَطَعْتُ ، أَعُوذُ بِكَ مِنْ
شَرٍّ مَا صَنَعْتُ ، أَبْوءُ لَكَ بِنِعْمَتِكَ عَلَيَّ ، وَأَبْوءُ
بِذَنْبِي فَاغْفِرْ لِي فَإِنَّهُ لَا يَغْفِرُ الذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ

ALLAHUMMA AN-TA RAB-BIE LAA ILAAHA IL-LAA AN-TA
 KHALAKH-TANIE WA ANA ABDUKA WA-ANA ALAA AH-
 DIKA WA WADIKA MAS-TATA'TU AOOZHU BIKA MIN-
 SHARRI MAA SANA'TU ABOO-ULAKA BINI'MATIKA ALAY-
 YA WA-ABOO-U BIZHAM-BIE FAGH-FIRLIE FA-INNAHU
 LAA YAGHFIRUZH-ZHUNOOBA IL-LAA AN-TA

*Owu Allah wena ungumdali wam, akukho namnye ofanelwe
 ukukhonzwa ngaphandle kwakho. Undidalile, mna ndisisicaka sakho
 kwaye ndizibophelele kwisibhambathiso nesithembiso nawe
 kangangoko ndinako. Ndicela undikhusele kububi endibenzileyo,
 ndiyazivuma izenzelelelo zakho kum kwaye ndiyazivuma izono zam.
 Kengoko ndicela undixolele kuba ngaphandle kwamathandabuzo
 akukho namnye oxolela ngaphandle kwakho.*

QUNOOT-E-NAAZILA

Xa amaMuslim enoloyuko oluvela kwintshaba zaho okanye ehlaselwa zintshaba okanye etshutshisa okanye kukho intlekele enjenge mbalela okanye ubhubhane kwezo meko zobunzima le dua iyiSunnat iluncedo olukhulu.

Indlela yokuyifunda: Emva kweRuku kwiRakaat yesibini yeFajr, i-imamima nqo ifunde le dua ilandelayo, qho i-imamithabatha ikhefubalandeli bayo bathi *Aameen* ngelizwi eliphantsi esuka emazantsi entliziyo yabo.

اللَّهُمَّ اغْفِرْ لَنَا ، وَلِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ وَالْمُسْلِمِينَ

وَالْمُسْلِمَاتِ ، وَأَلِفْ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِهِمْ ، وَأَصْلِحْ ذَاتَ

بَيْنَهُمْ ، وَانصُرْهُمْ عَلَى عَدُوِّكَ وَعَدُوِّهِمْ ، أَللَّهُمَّ اعْنِ
 الْكَفَرَةِ الَّذِينَ يَصْدُونَ عَنْ سَبِيلِكَ ، وَيُكَذِّبُونَ رُسُلَكَ
 ، وَيُقَاتِلُونَ أَوْلَائِكَ ، أَللَّهُمَّ خَالِفْ بَيْنَ كَلِمَتِهِمْ ،
 وَزَلْزِلْ أَقْدَامَهُمْ ، وَأَنْزِلْ بِهِمْ بَأْسَكَ الدِّيْنِ لَا تَرُدُّهُ عَنِ
 الْقَوْمِ الْمُجْرِمِينَ

ALLAHUMMAGH-FIR LANAA WALIL-MU'MINIENA WAL-
 MU'MINAATI WAL-MUSLIMIENA WAL-MUSLIMAATI WA-
 ALLIF BAYNA QULOObIHIM WA-ASLIH ZHAATA BAYNIHIM
 WAN-SUR -HUM ALAA ADUW-WIKA WA-ADUW-WIHIM
 .ALLAHUMMA L-ANIL KAFARATAL-LAZHIENA YASUD-
 DOONA AN SABIELIKA WA YUKAZHIBOONA RUSULAKA
 WA YUQAATILOONA AW LIYAA-AKA ALLAHUMMA
 KHAALIF BAYNA KALIMATIHIM WAZALZIL AQ-
 DAAMAHUM WA ANZIL BIHIM BA'SAKAL-LAZHIE LAA
 TARUD-DUHOO ANIL-QOWMIL MUJRIMEENA

Owu Allah sixolele sonke makholwa angamadoda nawo onke amakholwa angabafazi, onke amaMuslim angamadoda nawo onke amamuslim angabafazi, hlanganisa intliziyozawo. Lungisa imicimbi ewohlukanisayo, uwancedise kwintshaba zakho nakwintshaba zawo. Owu Allah qalekisa abo bahedeni banqanda abantu endleleni yakho kwaye babachasayo abathunywa bakho nabo balwa abahlobo bakho. Owu Allah yenza i-antlukano phakathi kwabo, shukumisa ingcambu zabo, kwaye thoba phezu kwabo esona sohlwayo ongasokuze ubuye

ngamva ngaso kwabo bantu batsibe ilitye likaphungela. (Hisnul Haseen)

Ezinye i-Ulama zikholelwa ekubeni endaweni yokufunda iQunoot-e-Naazila kungcono ukuba ufunde ezinye idua ezikwiQuran nakwiHadith ngelizwi eliphantsi emva kwemithandazo emihlanu eFardh yesiqhelo. (*Malfoozat*)

EZINYE ZEEDUA EZILUNCEDO KWAYE EZIYI SUNNAH

EZINYE IDUAS EZILUNCEDO EZIYISUNNAT IVESI YEQURAN:

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا أَنْتَ سُبْحَانَكَ إِنِّي كُنْتُ مِنَ الظَّالِمِينَ

LAA ILAAHA IL-LAA AN-TA SUB-HAANAKA IN-NIE KUN-TU
MINAZH-ZHAALIMIEN

Akukho namnye ofanelwe ukukhonza ngaphandle kwakho, wena usulungekile, ngaphandle kwamathandabuzo mna ndingomnye wabo bamoshe iziqu zabo.

Le vesi izisa inzuko enkulu xa ithe yafundwa ngexesha le ntlekele okanye lobunzima. (*A'maal e-Quraani*) Idua yomntu ofunda le dua iyomkelwa ngu-Allah. (*Tirmidhi*)

XA UDIBANA NAMANYE AMAMUSLIM

السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَّكَاتُهُ

ASSALAAMU ALAYKUM WARAHMATULLAHI
WABARAKAATUHU

Inga uxolo nenceba neentsikelelo zika-allah zinganawe.

XA UPHENDULA UMNTU OKUBULISAYO

وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلَامُ وَرَحْمَةُ اللَّهِ وَبَرَكَاتُهُ

WA ALAYKUMUS-SALAAMU WARAH-MATUL-LAAHI
WABARAKAATUHU

Inga uxolo, inceba kunye neetsikelelo zika-Allah zingakuwe nawe.

XA NIBAMBANA IZANDLA

يَغْفِرُ اللَّهُ لَنَا وَلَكُمْ

YAGHFIRULLAHU LANAA WALAKUM

Inga u-Allah angasixolela kunye nani.

XA UBULELA U-ALLAH

الْحَمْدُ لِلَّهِ تَعَالَى

ALHAMDULILLAH TA 'ALA

Iindumiso zonke zezika Allah tTa'ala.

XA UBULELA ABANTU

جزاكم الله تعالى

JAZAAKUMULLAHU TA'ALA

Inga u-Allah Ta'ala angakuvuza.

UKWALA NGENDLELA ENDILISEKILEYO

بارك الله

BAARAKALLAHU

Inga u-Allah angakusikelela

UKUCELA UKUKHUSELWA NGU-ALLAH

ماشاء الله تعالى

MAA SHAALLAHU TA'ALA

Nayiphi na into u-Allah ayifunayo

X A UBONA INTO EMANGALISAYO

سُبْحَانَ اللَّهِ

SUB -HAANALLAH

Usulungekile u-Allah

UKUBONISA UBUKHULU BUKA-ALLAH

أَكْبَرُ اللَّهُ

ALLAHU AKBAR

U-Allah nguye oyena mkhulu

UKUBONISA UKOYIKA UKUMONA U-ALLAH

مَعَادٌ اللَّهُ

MA-AA-ZHALLAHU

Ndicela ukukhuselwa ngu-Allah

UKUBONISA UKUZISOLA NOKUXOLISA

أَسْتَغْفِرُ اللَّهَ

ASTAGH-FIRULLAHA

Ndicela ukuba u-Allah andixolele

XA UZIVA UNOXINIZELELO

إِنَّا لِلَّهِ وَإِنَّا إِلَيْهِ رَاجِعُونَ

INNA LILLAHI WA-INNA ILAYHI RAAJI-OONA

*Ngokuqinisekileyo singaba ka-Allah kwaye ngokuqinisekileyo
sizakubuyela kuye*

XA USIVA UMNTU OTHIMLAYO ESITHI ALHAMDULILLAH

يَرْحَمُكَ اللَّهُ

YAR-HAMUKALLAH

Inga u-Allah anganenceba kuwe

XA UTHEMBISA UMNTU

إِنْ شَاءَ اللَّهُ تَعَالَىٰ

INSHALLAH TA'ALA

Ukuba u-Allah ufuna njalo

XA UBULISA UMNTU OKOKUGQIBELA

فِي أَمَانِ اللَّهِ

FIE AMAANILLAHI

Iba selukhuselweni luka Allah

AMAZWI ENGCEBISO ABALULEKILEYO

Ukuba nanini na kukho amathandabuzo malunga nemithetho yomthandazo okanye akuwuqondi kakuhle, cela ingcaciso kumntu omdala ekhayeni okanye kwi-imaam yeMasjid yakho. Okanye buza kwi-alim yenkolo oyaziyo.

حَيْ عَلَى الْفَكَالَةِ

Our Namaaz is a booklet written c.1965 by Hazrat Moulana Muhammed Farouq rahimahullah, the Khalifah of Hazrat Moulana Muhammad Maseehullah Khan rahimahullah.

In it, the virtues and laws of Namaaz (Salaah - prayer) have been compiled in a simple, easy to understand manner. It is ideal for a new Muslim and covers the Kalimahs, purification of body, the Fiqh aspects of Salaah and the method.

All the Surahs and Duas that need to be recited are in Arabic, with the transliteration and translation. There are some short, beneficial Duas included at the end.

The original translation was done by Mufti Siraj Desai from Urdu to English. This translation was rendered into Xhosa by Moulana Muhsin Mbotoli, a graduate of Madressa Taleemuddeen, Isipingo Beach, South Africa.

Khuphela kwi ebook:
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